

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.


Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

Vol. XIV, No. 21.

Antioch, Illinois Thursday, January 24, 1901.

J. J. BURKE, Editor and Prop.
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Hill's Dept



Drug Store.

contains a fine assortment of the following:

DRUGS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, GOLD REMEDIES, HAND LOTIONS, CIGARS, TOBACCOS, TOYS, CHINAWARE, GRANITEWARE.	Pure DRUGS a Specialty.	WALL PAPER, PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES, BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS and SUPPLIES NEW STATIONERY, FRESH CANDY
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PRICES ARE ALWAYS RIGHT

TO CARRY POWER.
Experiments with Aluminum as Conductor for Electricity.
The already practically foreboded widening use of aluminum conductors for electric transmission purposes adds interest to Lord Kelvin's recently expressed opinion of them. The weight of aluminum required, he said, is almost exactly one-half of the copper which would produce the same effect. The diameter of cable is 23 per cent in excess of one made of copper, and the cost of insulation for an underground cable is increased in about the same proportion when we pass from the copper to aluminum. Aluminum is not a pleasant metal to deal with, but its high conductivity will make it invaluable for overhead transmission, says Cassier's Magazine. It is true also that the weight to be supported on posts is half of copper, but the surface exposed to the wind is greater, and its strength is not great. The chief drawback to its use, especially overhead, is its liability to become rotten. This defect does not exist if the metal be pure, and especially if free from sodium. But exposure to the atmosphere, especially near the sea, induces deterioration. The fact that aluminum is easily oxidized ought not to condemn it. The same is true of iron and steel, and yet we do not hesitate to place structures of these metals in exposed positions. Only we paint them; so Lord Kelvin proposes that we paint or varnish aluminum conductors wherever necessary. A few hundred yards of 1 1/4-inch aluminum wire were put up by Lord Kelvin on a Scotch estate somewhat over a year ago and on this line he is watching the effects of weather.

GEMS OF SHAH.
Persia's Monarch Has the Most Valuable Collection on Earth.
The shah of Persia has more precious stones than any man in the world. In his palace at Teheran he keeps \$10,000,000 worth of them in a glass jar and loves to let the almost priceless gems trickle through his fingers.
His crowns and his thrones are marvels of oriental magnificence. The Kanjanian crown is shaped like a flower pot, with the small end open and the other closed, having at the top an uncut, flawless ruby as big as a hen's egg. Two Persian lambskin caps are adorned with splendid agates, of diamonds, and there are gauntlets and belts innumerable covered with pearls and diamonds, the handsomest being the Kanjanian belt, about a foot deep, weighing about eighteen pounds—one dazzling mass of diamonds, pearls, emeralds and rubies. Drinking bowls studded with jewels, swords, one or two of which are worth a quarter of a million each, epaulets of diamonds and armlets so contrived that the brilliant revolve and keep up an ever-changing scintillation, seem to realize the wonders revealed by Aladdin's lamp in the cave. The first place among the gems belongs to the famous Draya-i-Nur, or Sea of Light, sapphire diamond of the Kohinoor. It is an inch and a half long, an inch broad and three-eighths of an inch thick.

FIGHT WITH LION.
Three Cowboys in a Wrestling Match with a Huge Beast.
Three Tonic basin cowboys had a wrestling contest with the largest mountain lion ever killed in Arizona a few days ago. The men, George Hubbard, Hardy Schell, and A. C. Harer, were riding the range near Salome creek. Schell had the only rifle in the party, a rifle, and had only one cartridge for it. The cowboys routed the lion out of some rocks and rode after it to rope it, if possible. Schell tried a 200-yard shot and knocked the lion over, apparently killing it, with a bullet through its neck. The three then rode up and dismounted, to find that the lion had only been stunned by the shot. As they approached it jumped to its feet and leaped at Schell, who knocked it aside with a blow from the butt of the rifle. The enormous cat then jumped upon Hubbard, crunching the man's left arm and badly lacerating his body with its claws. But Hubbard, who is possessed of exceptional strength, caught the beast by the throat and a front foot. Schell at the same time seized the hind leg while Harer ran in and cut the lion's throat with a small knife. The lion undoubtedly had been weakened by the bullet wound, and the men consider themselves fortunate to have escaped with their lives. The skin measures 3 feet 10 inches from tip to tip.

Returned Good for Evil.
It is related of former Gov. Robert Stewart of Missouri that, while in office, he was asked to pardon a man, whom he sent for from prison and recognized as a river steamboat captain who had treated him brutally while he was a cabin boy. Stewart recalled the fact to the prisoner and then pardoned him.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin convinces you of its merit the first dose you take. Sold by W. T. Hill.

The Antioch Bargain House.

wishes You the Compliments of the Season,
and in order to lighten the "burden of care" and help you to spend a Merry Christmas
we quote a Few BARGAINS!

Groceries, Provisions	Dry Goods, Clothing
Salt Pork, per pound, 7c	Heavy Fleece-lined Men's Underwear worth 50 cents, only 39c
Swift's Silver Leaf Lard, pound, 9c	Boy's Reefers, worth \$2.50 at \$1.75
Pickles, per gallon, 19c	Boy's Suits for 1.75
Cornstarch, per package, 3c	Men's Overcoats, very latest styles, actual value 14.00, only 9.00
Yeast, per package, 3c	Men's Suits, highest grade goods in the market, worth from \$12 to 15, per suit, 9.00
Magic Yeast, per package, 3c	Men's, Sweet, Orr & Co.'s ex. heavy woolen pants, worth 2.50, only 1.90
4-Crown Raisins, worth 12c, only 8c	Crash Toweling, per yard only 3 1/2c
Seedless Raisins, package, 10c	
Arm & Hammer Soda, 1lb package, 5c	
Quaker Oats, 8c	
A good Broom for 15c	
Hickory Axe Handles, worth 25c, 10c	
Don't miss the AAAA Coffee for 12 1/2c	
It's a Bargain	

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE	Bargains in SHOES	FURNISHINGS
A Fine Stock of Crockery and Glassware, suitable for a Christmas Present.	Men's Felt Shoes (a snap) \$1.65 Ladies' Felt Shoes 1.40 Full line Rubbers, Arctic, Felt German Sox and all kinds of Foot-wear.	Our stock in Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods is increasing. Nice line for presents.

COHN & LEVIN,
WILTON BLOCK, ANTIOCH, ILL.
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

Job Printing, from a visiting card to a full-sheet poster, neatly and promptly done at THE NEWS office, Antioch, Ill.

Illinois Central R. R. STOCKHOLDERS

Free Transportation to Attend the Special Meeting at Chicago.
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
Public notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company will be held at the Company's office in Chicago, Illinois, on Saturday, January 26, 1901, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.
To permit personal attendance at this meeting there will be issued, to each holder of one or more shares of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, as registered on the books of the Company, a ticket, enabling him, or her, to travel free over the Company's Lines from the station on the Illinois Central Railroad nearest to his or her registered address to Chicago and return, such ticket to be good for the journey to Chicago only during the four days immediately preceding, and the day of the meeting, and for the return journey from Chicago only on the day of the meeting, and the four days immediately following, when properly countersigned and stamped during business hours—that is to say, between 9:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m.—in the office of the Assistant Secretary, Mr. W. C. Bruen, in Chicago. Such ticket may be obtained by any registered holder of stock on application in writing, to the President of the Company in Chicago. Each application must state the full name and address of the Stockholder, and be given in his or her Certificate of Stock, together with the number and date of such Certificate. No more than one person will be certified free in respect to any one holding of stock as registered on the books of the Company.
For the purpose of this meeting the Stock Transfer Books will be closed at three o'clock p. m. on Thursday, December 20, 1900, and remain closed until the morning of Monday, January 7, 1901.
A. G. HACKSTAFF,
Secretary.

THE GREATEST Sacrifice Sale of Hardware and Farm Machinery Ever Made in Lake Co.

A FEW OF THE GREAT BARGAINS TO BE HAD BEFORE FEB. 1:	
Nails, per pound.....8c	Solid Cast Steel Spades.....75c
Nails in keg.....\$2.65	Cross-cut Saws.....\$1.00
Stove-pipe, per length.....18c	Bushel Baskets.....19c
Elbows.....18c	Wheelbarrows.....\$1.25
Majestic Hand Saws.....78c	Wagon Sets, complete.....\$1.39
Henry Diston Hand Saws.....89c	Hub Lightning Axle Grease, box.....5c
Frying-pans.....20c	Celebrated Crow Blacking, best made per bottle.....7c
5-gallon Oil Cans, with Faucet.....49c	Cast steel razor-blade, 10-inch, Draw Knives.....50c
1-gallon Oil Can.....19c	12-inch Monkey Wrenches.....35c
Lanterns.....30c	Globe Wash-boards.....25c
Coal-hods.....25c	Stove Boards.....99c
Milk Pails, with strainer.....35c	Jersey Ideal Ranges, best made.....\$31.00
Electric Buck Saws.....60c	Extra heavy Milk Cans.....\$1.80
Electric Barn-door Rollers, 4-in. pr.....59c	Gun Powder, E. G., per pound.....18c
Electric Barn-door Rollers, 3-in. pr.....51c	Horse Blankets at your own price
Electric Barn-door Track, per foot.....6c	Milk Wagons, guaranteed 2 years.....\$38.00
Oscago 3-tine Forks.....33c	D. F. I. Disc Harrows.....\$18.50
Solid Cast Steel Scoop Shovel.....79c	

CALL and Inspect Stock and be Convinced.
P. P. AMES, Antioch, Ill.

The Antioch News and Weekly Inter Ocean, \$1.50 Per Year For Both Papers, Cash With Order.

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS,
Graduate of Chicago Musical College will accept a limited number of pupils
Vocal : or : Piano : Instruction
Antioch, Ill.


A. CHINN, Auctioneer
Real-estate and Fire Insurance Agent.
Antioch, Ill.

will attend to sales in Lake and adjoining counties. For dates and terms apply to News Office, Antioch, Ill.

The Academy of Northwestern University.
Seventeen teachers, 7 full college graduates. Fits for any college. Michigan. New and well equipped building. Fall term begins September 24. Students from 25 states and 10 foreign countries. Value low. Some peculiar advantages. Send for new illustrated catalogue.
HARRIS & FINE, D.D., Principals, Evanston, Ill.

NORTHERN-WISCONSIN DEVELOPMENT
That rapidly developing territory which occupies the northern half of Wisconsin is not new enough to cause the hardships and vicissitudes of frontier life, and old enough to keep away the intending settler on account of exorbitant land prices. It is in that stage of partial development which gives great opportunity to bring it to the highest point of perfection and prosperity. Shola good roads and other improvements are going in. All that is needed is a small capital. Brawn and brain, supplemented by push and energy, will do the rest. The iron ore, marl, knollin and clay beds the timber and the rich soil, give equal opportunity to the settler and the manufacturer. Land is cheap and can be purchased on easy terms.
THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL
offers facilities for the quick and cheap transportation of its products and has the line of waterways to the very center of this vast northern territory. choice of location is not confined to any one particular locality. Interesting pamphlets and maps fully describing this beautiful section of the country can be obtained by addressing
W. H. KILLEN, Land and Industrial Commissioner, Geo. T. Jarvis, General Manager, Burton Johnson, G. F. A. or JAS. C. FORD, General Passenger Agent, Colby & Abbot bldg Milwaukee, Wis.

Why Not



START the New Year right by balancing your accounts, or at least call and see what your account is? We are in need of the money.

WEBB BROS.

SPECIAL SALE

FOR JANUARY 1901.

ALL THE LATEST MUSIC PER COPY.....23c

LOTS OF GOOD MUSIC PER COPY.....10c

ANY MUSIC NAMED HEREIN PER COPY.....21c

GET YOUR MUSIC OF.....James

A Bird in a Gilded Cage.
Hunky-Dory, March and Two-Step
I Can't Tell Why I Love You, but I Do
I Love You, Honey.
I Love You, 'Deed I Do
Just Because She Made dem
Goo-Goo Eyes
My Moon-Beam Babe.
She's Just Plain Sue.
The Blue and the Gray
A Rabbi's Daughter
Bunch of Blackberries
'Deed I Ain't Seen no Messenger Boy
I'd Leave My Happy Home for You
Ma Black Tulip.
Smoky Mokes
The Fatal Rose of Red
When Knighthood Was in, Waltz
Happy Mose, Cakewalk
Heart to Heart Waltzes
Consolation Waltzes
Decorah Waltzes
Florence
He Certainly Was Good To Me
I Would Rather Be a Beggar
Than To Be Your Bride
If You Were by My Side, Lenore
I'm Glad to Meet You, Mary
Knights of the Cross, Waltz
Impeccable Davis
At Dooley's Summer Garden
Parson Frenched the Word.

Are We Here Yet? Indeed We Are!

And We Promise You We Are Here to Stay!

But we cannot promise you \$2.00 worth of goods for \$1.00 in money. We will give you just as good goods as you can get anywhere for your dollar. Embalming done by the latest methods. Calls answered day or night. Lady assistant.

J. H. HUGHES & CO., Undertakers,
ANTIOCH and LAKE VILLAGE

HOYT & VICKERS



THE TEXAS CRUISER BY T. BURLINGAME ROSS

CHAPTER XVIII. (Continued.)

Clarence saw Father Rondo several times, but he learned nothing more concerning Irene. One day the youth was in the church to which Rondo was attached, and had been conversing some time with the subject of Irene and the peculiar circumstances under which she was placed, when his attention was arrested by two men who had been hidden behind one of the massive pillars. They seemed to be natives—Indians; but their movements were suspicious. Clarence was sure that he had seen them several times before, and though he had taken previous notice of them, yet until the present moment he had not thought of their dogging him.

"Do you not see them?" he whispered. "Ah—be careful and make no motion by which they can suspect that we see them."

"I do see them," returned the priest. "They are Indians."

"Or appear to be," suggested the youth. "But may they not be some who have been engaged to watch you? They appear to be Totonaque—the same as those where Irene and Cassandra stopped. Antonio St. Marc is missing—or, at least, I have not seen him—and may he not have got these fellows to follow your steps?"

"But why should he have done it?" asked Clarence. "I hardly think he would have gone to any such trouble, for surely he can hope to gain nothing by watching me."

"O, I do not say that it is so, only I hinted at the subject so that you might be on your guard. There may be some hope of revenge. At any rate, you had better keep your eyes open. See—they are moving away now, but they cast a very sharp glance at you before they turned away. You had better watch them."

"I will," returned Clarence; and shortly after this he took his leave.

The young officer had not gone a dozen rods from the church before he saw the two Indians upon the opposite side of the street. He spoke to Peter, who was by his side, and asked him if he saw them.

"Do not stare at them so that they can know that we mistrust them," he said.

"Be sure that you get a good view of them. Examine them so that you will know them again wherever you may see them."

"I have," said the boy. "I shall know them, sir, anywhere, and at any time."

"Very well—we must watch them. If ever you see them, hereafter, about us, let me know."

Peter promised obedience; and in a few moments more the two Indians turned into a narrow alley. As Clarence passed the entrance he saw that they had stopped, and were gazing after him.

CHAPTER XIX.

At length, as April opened with its warmer breath, Scott sent forth the order for which the brave troops had been so impatiently waiting, and the city was alive with the tramp of armed men and the notes of martial music. The American army, not much over ten thousand strong, were starting for the very center of a great nation. They were to meet and encounter one of the most bold and experienced generals of the age, at the head of troops nearly double their own number, but they quailed not. The very spirit that animated them was as a double fold to each particular man, and they went boldly, confidently, upon their way. In their leader they saw a man in whose skill and judgment they could fully rely, and while he looked dauntlessly on they feared not to follow.

First on the way came the stern and rugged pass of Cerro Gordo, where the Mexican army, under Santa Anna in person, was drawn up to dispute the passage of our troops. Nature had fortified it. On one hand dashed a torrent down through a deep ravine, and upon the other arose the abrupt and seemingly impassable mountain. But the stout place fell before the iron crash of Yankee steel, and the doughty Mexican fled like a frightened child. The Cerro was passed, and with souls burning for another meeting our troops pushed on.

Gen. Worth moved on in advance towards Puebla, and met the enemy at Amozque. After a sharp conflict he routed them completely, and when he reached Puebla that city surrendered without resistance, and shortly afterward Scott joined him there. The heart of Clarence sank when he learned that the army were likely to remain at Puebla for some time. Negotiations were to be opened between the two countries, and hence active hostilities ceased for the while. At first the impatient youth held the thought of quailing alone, but it was a wild, fugitive thought, and he quickly came back to reason.

One day, while Clarence was sitting alone in one of the apartments of the house where he had taken up his quarters, his boy Peter entered with a look of more than ordinary import upon his countenance.

"What is it?" asked our hero, as he noticed Peter looking around as though to assure himself that no one else was present.

"Don't you remember those two Indians that you pointed out to me at Vera Cruz?" the boy returned.

"Ay—certainly," replied Clarence, eagerly.

"Well, they are here in Puebla. I have seen them to-day."

"Then be on the lookout for them. I wish—but it may not be too late now. You can lead me to the spot where you saw them?"

"Yes, sir. It was not far from here."

"Then come!" cried Clarence, seizing his hat and sword, and slipping his revolver into his bosom. "By my soul, I'll arrest them if I see them; and then we'll find out who they are."

So Clarence and his boy went out—but though they searched for a long while, yet they could see nothing of the two Indians. The captain felt very sure that his boy was mistaken, but Peter was so prompt and energetic in his assurance that he could not dispute him. However, he felt sure of one thing; if the two To-

"And now," said the captain, after some moments of thought, "of course their meaning is plain. They have discovered that I know where Irene is, and they mean to follow me. But I'll give them the slip here."

Our hero had now but one fear; and that was that St. Marc might mistrust where Irene was, and thus steal the march on him. After all was quiet in the captured city, Clarence went to Gen. Scott and obtained his discharge from further service. He then took leave of those officers with whom he had held the most friendly intercourse, and after this he prepared for his departure. He obtained the dress of a Mexican hacendado, and a common attendant's garb for Peter, and having got all the necessary trappings for his horse, he was prepared to start.

It was on the midnight of Sunday that Clarence Howard and his boy started. They had gone to a house at some distance from their usual quarters, and thither their horses were taken by two of their friends. It was a bright, starlight night, and the air was cool and bracing. They had recored two noble horses, and with high hopes they passed out through the city gate and struck off to the westward. The road was wide and plain, and the way direct.

"I think we have given them the slip now," said Peter, as they rode along over the even road.

"I hope so," returned Clarence.

But he spoke dubiously; for the old fear was upon him. He knew that St. Marc was acquainted in Valladolid, and he felt that 'twould be nothing strange for the unnatural father to push on for that city, even though it was only for a visit. But he feared that by this time that evil man might have gained some clue to his child's whereabouts. The thought gave him pain, and he put his horse swiftly over the road.

CHAPTER XX.

In a small mansion, in the western part of the city of Valladolid, Irene St. Marc had found a home. The owner was a merchant named Carlos Mendrid, an elderly man, in independent circumstances, and possessed of a kind and generous heart. Calypso had introduced the maiden there, and there she had found a warm welcome.

It was at the close of a warm and pleasant day that Irene and Cassandra sat together in their chamber. Irene looked beautiful now. Her health was unimpaired, and a pensive, thoughtful expression dwelt upon her handsome features. She was not sad, for a strong love gave her courage. Only the day before she had learned that the American army had taken the capital, and that Clarence Howard was among the officers who accompanied the victorious general. This piece of intelligence had been brought by Calypso.

"I should think he would come soon," Irene said, gazing hopefully into her companion's face.

"Of course he will," returned Cassandra. "I suppose he has some duties to perform before he can leave the army."

"But you think there is no doubt that he is with the army?"

"Why—Calypso says he is; and I suppose her information was direct."

"And yet," said Irene, with a shudder, "he had many dangers to pass through."

"Yes," replied Cassandra.

"I hope Calypso's information was correct."

"I am sure it was, my mistress."

"And I do not think Calypso would deceive me."

"I think not."

Thus had Irene spoken many times since she had received the intelligence of her lover's arrival at the capital. Even the slightest assurance from her companion seemed to give her comfort, and she thus introduced the subject that those assurances might be given. Her highest hope of earth was to see Clarence Howard. Every thought of joy in the future was centered in him, and the holiest love of her soul was his. The long days of gloom that had passed threw all her joys into the future, and thus her very life-time of peace hung upon the hopes she now cherished. If she had a doubt it was of the real intent of Calypso. That strange woman had seemingly been very kind, and of course Irene was very grateful, but still she felt at times a secret fear that all was not right.

(To be continued.)

Alaskan Words.

The most common word is "mush," which means go on, march, travel. It is a corruption from the French "marcher." The Canadian Frenchman thus addressed his dogs when he wished them to move. When an Alaskan wants his dog to move he says "mush"; he never says "get out." If he is driving a dog team he says "mush" when he wants them to start. If he has been on the trail he says he has been "mushing"; or that he "mushed" in from the mines.

"Cheechaco" is the Chinook Indian word for newcomer or greenhorn. It is the equivalent of the early California word "underfoot."

"Peluck" is an Eskimo word, and means all gone.

"Tlacon" is a strong Indian word, and means both friend and partner. It is some one you have camped with and shared dangers with, for whom you would suffer and who would suffer for you.

"Skookum" is an Indian word in general use meaning good.

These words are in common use throughout Northwest Alaska. There are other native and provincial expressions, but they have not been dignified by common use to the extent of the foregoing.—Nome News.

Monster Engines Just Built.

Tittsbury locomotive works have just completed two engines which are claimed to be the most powerful and heaviest yet constructed. Each weighs 117½ tons, the tenders having a water capacity of 7,000 gallons and a coal capacity of fourteen tons.

Titled Canadians.

The number of hereditary titled Canadians has now reached thirteen, made up of seven peerages and six baronets. Of non-hereditary knights Canada can boast of thirty-two.

Forwardness proceeds from ignorance often more than from impudence.

Hard Coughs

No matter how hard your cough is or how long you have had it, you want to get rid of it, of course. It is too risky to wait until you have consumption, for sometimes it's impossible to cure this disease, even with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

If you are coughing today, don't wait until tomorrow, but get a bottle of our Cherry Pectoral at once and be relieved.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express a large bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure you give us your correct address. Address: J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Breaking Up A Mob.

The Chinese carefully avoid being caught in the rain. They have a superstition that drops of rain falling on the head breed vermin, which, with their very long hair, is very difficult to get rid of. But they are equally careful not to wet their feet. This latter precaution is not due entirely to the fact that the soles of their shoes are made of pasteboard and liable to be injured by soaking, but to a belief that soreness of the feet is brought about by getting them damp. In commenting on these peculiarities, Leslie's Weekly prints the following:

The Chinese fear of rain has sometimes had a striking effect on mobs and armies. At the time of the massacre in 1870, at Tientsin, the mob burned the French consulate, with the cathedral and the convent, destroyed the orphanage of the Sisters of Charity, and murdered the consul, the Sisters and several priests. Then the crowd started toward the other settlement, determined to put all foreigners to death.

The cathedral behind it was in flames, and the mob, fresh from the torture of nuns, was hungry for blood. It started down the Taku road with frenzied shouts and the beating of drums and gongs, when suddenly rain began to fall. That was the end of the massacre. The crowd covered their heads and scattered.

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

Is the most important period in a woman's existence. Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms. Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop for good, are symptoms of a dangerous, nervous trouble. Those hot flashes are just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are cry-



Mrs. JENNIE NOBLE.

ing out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It builds up the weakened nervous system, and enables a woman to pass that grand change triumphantly.

"I was a very sick woman, caused by Change of Life. I suffered with hot flashes, and fainting spells. I was afraid to go on the street, my head and back troubled me so. I was entirely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. JENNIE NOBLE, 6010 Keyser St., Germantown, Pa.

Omnia sunt bona.

Despondent Fair One—Do you know, dear, I'm afraid I must be getting very old.

Consoling Friend—Nonsense, darling! Why do you think so?

Despondent Fair One—Because people are beginning to tell me how very young I am looking!—Punch.

A Remedy for the Grippe.

Physicians recommend KEMP'S BAL-SAM as a remedy for patients afflicted with the grippe, as it is especially adapted for the throat and lungs. It is a good remedy for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. It neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. KEMP'S BAL-SAM prevents this by keeping the cough loose and the lungs free from inflammation. All druggists sell KEMP'S BAL-SAM at 25c. and 50c.

A man has more chances for love than for riches.

Learned from a Woman.

If there is anything in which a woman is supposed to be especially deficient, it is in sharpening a lead pencil in a neat and workmanlike manner; but a certain woman reporter on a daily paper was observed always to have her pencils most beautifully pointed.

The masculine reporters watched her, but never succeeded in learning how she did it, and one day they sent a delegation to ask her about it.

"We have come," said one of the delegates, humbly, "to ask the secret of your gift as a pencil sharpener. Your proficiency humbles us."

"It is no secret," she said with a smile.

Thereupon she took a pencil from the hand of the speaker, raised the lid of her desk, drew forth a carpenter's chisel, rested the end of the pencil on the edge of the desk, and deftly shaped it into a true cone with a few "shaves" of the sharp instrument.

"There," she said, handing it back, "have you learned something from a woman?"

"We have," they said.

And possibly the reader has also.

The discovery that sheep flourish in Patagonia and Terra del Fuego has led to the stocking of enormous and very profitable ranches.

An Accident.

Wife (severely)—What does this mean, sir? Do you know the time? Husband—Yes, m' dear. I was (hic) 'tired, m' dear, by fear! I axsherdent. Wife (alarmed and growing suddenly sympathetic)—Accident! Good—gracious George, are you much hurt? Husband—No, m' dear, fort-natly (hic) not. Axsherdent happ'd t' other f'r (hic).—Pick-Me-Up.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. We have known E. J. Cheney for the last 18 years, and believe him perfectly capable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

WATERBURY, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

A Scottish soldier says that on entering a captured Boer laager he saw a girl about 18 or 19 years lying dead with a rifle in her hand and a bullet through her head.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOS. HOBBS, Maple street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

According to recent statistics there is one man in about 500 in the United States who receives a college training.

FALLING HAIR



Save Your Hair with Shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP

And light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chaffings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers, to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet, best baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts, scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.) to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESCUE RY (25c.) to cool and cleanse the blood. A BATH OF CUTICURA SOAP is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring humors; burning, and scaly scalp, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

Cuticura
THE SET, \$1.25

THE NEWS

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
J. J. BURKE, Editor & Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

The attitude of President McKinley has been vindicated by the signing of the demands of the powers by the envoys of the Chinese government, and it will be further vindicated when the negotiations with China are concluded, but it will take time. China surely is not blamable for trying to get the best terms possible from the powers, especially as to the amount of indemnity to be paid.

The democratic party will have changed for the better if its leaders do not enervate the decision of the Supreme Court, providing it should uphold the constitutionality of President McKinley's policy toward our island possessions, as it probably will. They have always done so when the court has decided against their contentions.

A movement is on foot, in connection with the National Maritime Congress, which is to meet at Burnside, Ga., on the 30th instant, to form a permanent national organization of business men and shipbuilders. Such an organization should be able to assist in the work of building up our merchant marine.

By giving the opponents of the Army bill full swing, the republican senators had them talked out. Without meaning to be personally disrespectful, we must say that the argument that a standing army of 100,000 men can be made a menace to our liberties strikes us as ridiculous.

Gen. Fred D. Grant reports the province of Pampanga, an island of Luzon, of which he is in command, to be ready for civil government. Perhaps some senators will see "imperialism" in the substitution of a civil for a military government in this district.

General Rasseur, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., headed the pension committee of that organization in an appeal to the House Invalid Pension Committee to make a favorable report on the bill for the establishment of a permanent pension court of appeals.

That Congressional investigating committee deserves the thanks of the country for having made the West Point cadets understand that it intended to get at the bottom of things, and that hazing must be stopped.

Secretary Wilson says that no class of our people will be more benefited by the Ship subsidy bill than our farmers, who are now handicapped by the lack of ocean shipping facilities and by the high freights.

The fact is being generally recognized in the business world that Germany, and not England, is now our leading commercial rival, and that it is with Germany that we have to fight for commercial supremacy.

Confidence is increasing in Washington that Great Britain will accept the Senate amendments to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The Senate is deferring action on the Nicaragua Canal bill through courtesy.

Vice President-elect Roosevelt's enemies may wake up some fine day and discover that their constant efforts to ridicule him and everything he does has had an effect directly contrary to their wishes.

The Carnegie Steel Company is preparing to spend \$3,000,000 in extending its blast furnace at Rankin, Pa., which is a substantial indication of its belief in the continuance of prosperity.

The Hillites and the Bryanites are sharpening their knives. Go ahead, boys, a faction fight is just what is needed to drive the democratic party to final destruction.

Bird S. Coler, who has dragged Dave Hill's 1904 boom before the public, may discover that there is such a thing as the bird being too early to get the worm.

For a man who has never posed as a professional reformer Governor Odell, of New York, seems to be doing pretty well by the tax-payers.

Secretary Long is contemplating a visit to Pensacola, Florida, during the stay of the North Atlantic Squadron at that port, in February.

Vermont had an explosion of nearly fifteen hundred pounds of dynamite the other day, but it didn't blow the state out of the union.

How popular President McKinley is personally, is shown by the cordiality of the press comments on his recovery from the grip.

"Good morning! Have you had the grip or has your house been burglarized?" is now a common salutation in Washington.

Perhaps Mr. Bryan will devote some editorial attention to the Hill boom, which has so boldly taken the road for 1904.

EFFICACY OF SALT PROVED

Patient Apparently Dead is Restored to Life by Injections.

The efficacy of sodium chloride (common salt) in stimulating heart action was demonstrated in a remarkable manner by Dr. W. Z. Kumer at Hamilton, Ohio, recently. Dr. Kumer was called to attend Marcus Sauer, 62 years old, who had long been a sufferer from dropsy. He found the patient apparently quite dead. All the symptoms immediately following dissolution, including perfectly cold extremities, absence of respiration, heart action, and pulse, were manifest.

Dr. Kumer resolved to try the salt solution as a final resort. At 1:39 p. m. he injected a quantity of warm water containing 25 per cent. of salt in the left arm. In twenty seconds there were signs of a pulse and it was plain that circulation was being revived. In twenty-five minutes a second hypodermic injection was administered, this time in a branch of the brachial artery in the upper left arm. In twenty minutes from the second injection respiration was full and rhythmic, color returned to the patient's face and he recovered consciousness and asked for food.

Nourishment in form of broth was administered, and soon after Sauer took a drink of water, one of the best symptoms of returned functional activity. Sauer was improving.

OBITUARY.

Robert Henry Strahan died Thursday, January 17, of pleuro-pneumonia, aged 37 years. His illness was brief. He had had a slight attack of la grippe for a few days but was recovering. Feeling quite well Saturday, January 12th, he went to Russell and while returning he was seized with pleuro-pneumonia and required the assistance of a neighbor to reach home. From that time he lived but four and one-half days. In fact, from the first, he seemed to feel that life was drawing to a close, and on Tuesday he said, "Wife, it is all right; God knows best. I am ready to go." On Thursday morning, about two o'clock, he bade his friends "good bye" and in a few minutes his spirit took its flight. He leaves a wife and a little girl two and one-half years old, besides his father and mother, two brothers and two sisters, to mourn his loss. The funeral was held on Saturday, January 19th, at his father's house, in the eastern part of Antioch Township, where he had recently moved. The Rev. M. D. Bush officiated.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank the many friends who have shown me so much kindness during the recent illness and death of my husband Mrs. ROBT. H. STRAHAN.

The President Favors Mason.

No surprise may be expected from the fact that the President is favorable to the reelection of Senator Mason. The President is not out trying to punish loyal party-men because they have differed with the Administration. Senator Hale and Hoar, both, have the support of the Administration for reelection because, like Senator Mason, they, while differing as to some policies, stayed in the party. Mr. Mason made more meetings in the recent campaign than any other United States Senator. He has never bolted a caucus nor voted against anything that was a party measure. He did not want to purchase the Philippine islands, but voted for it because his Legislature instructed him to do so. He voted against the Porto Rican tariff with men like Cushman K. Davis, and it is believed by the lawyers of Washington the Supreme Court will sustain him in that vote. This is a republican paper, founded forty years ago at the personal solicitation of Abraham Lincoln, and has no special interest in Illinois politics, but every one here at the Capital knows that Senator Mason is the only United States Senator who does not apply the two o'clock rule but will see any one at any time who calls to see him. His reelection is two years away, but we have no doubt he will be re-elected if he can have an opportunity to get among the people, unless new and checkbook methods are used to beat him.—Washington Capital Paper.

The Farmer.

Who is it when the crops are good, supplies us with all kinds of food; who always by the country stood? The farmer. Who is it when the crops are light and money scampers out of sight, still struggles with all his might? The farmer. Who often by debt oppressed, is forced to do his level best in keeping up the interest? The farmer. Who, when he gets a good crop, makes interest and debts both stop? The farmer. Who is it that works contentedly away, while on the public tricklers play and make the laws he must obey? The farmer. Who gives his dollars and dimes to greedy traders, combines, which only laugh when'er he whines? The farmer. Who is it who must in future mix in public life and politics, and down the trickster and his tricks? The farmer.

The Mother's Favorite

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and it always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Thomson's Pharmacy, Graylake.

Farmers' Institute at Millburn.

The following is the program of the Farmers' Institute to be held at Millburn Friday and Saturday, February 1 and 2.

Music
Prayer
Address of Welcome
G. B. Stephens, Millburn
Response, H. D. Hughes, Antioch.
Music
Short-Horn Cattle, J. A. Thain, Millburn.
The Horse, B. W. Ames, Hickory.
Good Roads, H. H. Gross, Chicago.

Afternoon—One o'clock

Music
Hogs, H. N. Maxham, Diamond Lake.
Address, W. B. Lewin, Russell.
Birds in Their Relation to Agriculture,
Ellen D. Farwell, Lake Forest.
Balbs, Flowers, Fruit, H. B. Pierce, Antioch.

Evening—7 o'clock

Music
Recitation
What Inducements Does the Farm Hold Out to the Young People of Today?
A. S. Collins, Harvard, Ill.

Music

Reading
Music
Address
Music
Speaking
Music
Recitation
Music

SAURDAY, FEBRUARY 2.

8 o'clock, a. m.

Prayer, by the Pastor.
Poultry, H. N. Maxham, Diamond Lake.
Care of Milk between Cow and Creamery,
Elmer Cannon, Millburn.
Ensilage, Frank Holt, Ranney, Wis.
Smut in Oats, Prof. A. D. Shamel, of the Agricultural College of Illinois.

Afternoon—One o'clock

Music
The Coming Farmer—Character, Grade, Results, A. S. Collins, Harvard.
Corn—Breeding, Selection, Cultivation,
Prof. A. D. Shamel.

The above program is subject to change without notice.

Be Sure to Remember

that the popular Pan-American Exposition Route this summer will be the Nickle Plate Road, the shortest line between Chicago and intermediate points and Buffalo. No excess fare is charged on any of its Peerless Trio of fast express trains and American Club meals ranging in price from 35 cents to \$1.00 are served in all its dining cars. Palatial thru vestibuled sleeping cars and modern day coaches with uniformed colored porters in attendance on the wants of passengers. The same of comfort and convenience in traveling is attained thru the superb service and competent equipment found on the Nickle Plate Road. Write, wire, 'phone or call on John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill. 21w3

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension, for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Thomson's Pharmacy, Graylake.

Jokey's Training Diet.

A jokey's diet when in training is as follows: Breakfast, a small piece of bread and butter and one cup of tea. Dinner, fish. If fish cannot be procured, a small portion of some light meat. Tea, same as breakfast. Supper, nothing. He goes to bed at 9 and rises at 6. His usual beverage is wine and water, in the proportion of two parts of the latter to one of the former.

Negro's Remarkable Career.

The African Methodist church of Syracuse has a pastor, Rev. Dr. J. A. D. Bloke, who has had a remarkable career for a negro. Born in the West Indies, he has traveled much, and in Manchester, England, met and married a white woman. He has had a complete university education and holds three degrees, being a proficient teacher in Latin, Hebrew and French.

Emperor Travels Incognito.

There is a story current in Paris that Emperor William has twice visited the Paris exposition incognito and has so successfully disguised himself that no one recognized him. Parisians are tickled by the thought that the pleasure of their exposition drew the emperor from his excessive dignity.

Discovery of America.

Henry Vignaud, who has been the first secretary of the United States embassy in Paris for over twenty-five years, will soon publish a book on the discovery of America, with particular attention to the origin of Columbus' determination.

Oil Lamps in Paris.

Paris' latest innovation in street lighting is oil lamps. They are not the sort of lamps used a hundred years ago, when the cry was "aristocrats a la lanterne," but enormous structures that give out 1,000 candle power each.

Quality and not quantity makes Dr. Witt's Little Early Risers such valuable little liver pills. W. T. Hill, Antioch.

ANTIOCH SCHOOL REPORT

For the Month Ending Jan. 11, 1901.

	High School	Grammar School	Intermediate	Primary
No. days taught.....	20	20	20	20
1/2 day attendance.....	164	121	102	170
1/2 day absence.....	116	86	106	1810
boys enrolled.....	19	18	30	22
girls enrolled.....	21	15	32	29
Average daily attendance.....	40	31	43	43.4
Cases of tardiness.....	14	4	8	4
Cases of truancy.....	0	0	1	0
Tuition pupils.....	11	6	2	6

SUMMARY.

No. days taught.....	20
Whole number days attendance.....	323
Whole number enrollment.....	137
Average daily attendance.....	16.1
Cases of tardiness.....	25
Cases of truancy.....	1
Tuition pupils.....	24

C. M. MANLEY, Principal.

The Poor of Edinburgh.

Investigations recently made by a medical committee in Edinburgh show that the poor of that city are quite as well fed as those in the large towns of Great Britain or America. The committee regrets that the old diet of porridge and milk of the laboring classes has been given up for tea and bread. It also points out that white bread as an energy producer is better than brown, and that much remained to be done to instruct the poorer classes of the population as to how their food should be properly cooked. It mentioned that the dietary in Scottish poorhouses is of a very inferior kind and not at all adequate. This statement has brought a hornet's nest of denials about the doctor's cars from poorhouse managers and officials of the local government boards, and, if these are to be believed, it would appear that all but the tramp class have not at all a bad time of it so far as food is concerned, when they are resident in these institutions.—M. E. Gilbert, in Chicago Record.

Woman's Rights in England.

English women appear to have gone daff on conventions. Gatherings for every conceivable purpose are being held continually and every woman who aspires to social position is a delegate to some of these conventions—it matters little to her, apparently, which one, so long as she is a delegate. In June last the English women attended two conventions at the same time in London, studying politics at the annual session of the Women's Liberal Federation and then rushing to discussions at the world's temperance conference. Scarcely were these over before she hastened by fast express up to Edinburgh to the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union. Other conventions followed in rapid succession up to the present time.

Ethics of Kit-Kat Pictures.

One frequently hears of "kit-cat" pictures, this term being applied to half-length portraits on canvas, 36x23 inches being kit-cat size. "Sir Godfrey Kneller, a celebrated painter in the early part of the eighteenth century, executed 42 portraits of the members of the Kit-Kat club of London, the pictures all being this size. The name of the club was derived from the name of the owner of the house in which the meetings were held. His name was Christopher Catt, nicknamed "Kitt" Cat. Among the members of the club were Addison, Steele, Walpole, Marlborough, Sir Godfrey Kneller, and others, and it was instituted in 1703. It consisted of noblemen and gentlemen favorable to the succession of the house of Hanover.

The Popular Buffalo Route

This summer on account of the 1901 Pan-American Exposition will be the Nickle Plate Road. Countless thousands will visit this one of the greatest exhibitions of modern times. The Nickle Plate Road will be the popular line the excellence of its service is well recognized by the traveling public, and the reputation of its train employees in their uniform courtesy to passengers is well known. When you go east, see that your tickets read via the Nickle Plate Road. Write, wire, 'phone or call on John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, Ill. 21w3

Always Faces the Door.

Senator Shoup of Idaho never sits with his back to a door. Even in the senate restaurant he always occupies a seat which commands a view of all entrances. This is simply the force of habit, as for forty years of his life the senator almost lived with a gun in his hand. For a long time he lived on the frontier and during the war served as a scout along the Rocky mountains in New Mexico. The habits then acquired cling to him even after a decade of service in the United States senate.

Train's Odd Habits.

George Francis Train lives in a small room in one of the Mills hotels in New York, and has not left the building for months. He rises between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning and spends nearly all day reading the newspapers. He says he means to live to circle the globe in thirty-three days over the Transiberian railway.

Her Presumptive to Earlship Dead.

Capt. Maurice A. Bourke, R. N., who was Admiral Tryon's flag captain when the Victoria was run down by the Camperdown, died recently, age forty-seven years. He was brother and heir presumptive to the Earl of Mayo.

Pepsin preparations often fail to relieve indigestion because they contain only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food—and that is *Witt's Little Early Risers*. It cures the worst cases of indigestion and gives instant relief for indigestion what you eat. Wm. T. Hill.

First Glimpse of Spring

The sewing season is at hand, and according to reputation we are now as ever

First to Show New Goods

You'll find displayed on our counters to-day the newest and freshest spring patterns in

Toile du Nord Dress Gingham, Percales or Picretines, Embroideries and Laces,

And WHITE GOODS, in the famous brands, such as SEERSUCKER, PIQUES, DIMITIES, PERSIAN and VICTORIA LAWNS, INDIA LINONS, LONG CLOTH, JONES CAMBRICS and NAINSOOKS, all priced in our low, Safe, fair way.

G. R. LYON & CO.,

WAUKEGAN, ILL.

LEADERS OF LOW PRICES

RELIABLE RUBBERS AND OVERS to fit any foot.

Ayling Brothers Ink.

The News office has just received a new stock of Ayling Brothers Jet Black Ink; non-corrosive and absolutely chemical proof. Try a bottle and if you don't agree with us in saying that it is the best ink you ever used we will cheerfully refund your money. Only 5 cents per bottle.



Can be Saved!

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Extracted Painlessly....

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

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Christmas -PHOTOS

Now is the time to sit for a CHRISTMAS PHOTO

Bring in Your Pictures and HAVE THEM FRAMED NOW.

Special prices on ENLARG'D PICTURES until after the Holidays.

PHOTO BUTTONS

of all sizes.

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HOMER E. JAMISON, M. D., Millburn, Illinois.

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Office at Residence, Antioch, Ill.

D. A. WILLIAMS,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Office at Williams Bros. Store, Antioch, Ill.

All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to.

Petition to Probate Will.

State of Illinois,) ss. County Court, Lake County, Lake County,) ss. January Term, 1901.

In the Matter of the Probate of the Last Will and Testament of Angelo,) In Probate, line Oloit, deceased.

To all Persons whom this may concern: greeting: Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1901, a Petition was filed in the County Court of Lake County, Illinois, asking that the last Will and Testament of Angelo Oloit, deceased, be admitted to probate. The same petition further states that the following named persons are all the heirs-at-law and legatees: George H. Oloit, Shirley Oloit, Mrs. E. Anthony, Mrs. Tina Hockville, Mrs. Kate Adams, Mrs. Julia White, Jefferson Blum, Friend Harp and Sime Harp.

You are further notified that the hearing of the proof of said will has been set by said court for the 16th day of February, A. D. 1901, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, in Waukegan in said county, where and where you can appear, if you see fit, and show cause, if any you have, why said will should not be admitted to probate.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County Court, at Waukegan, January 22, 1901.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER to deliver lectures and to sell the following: A. S. Snow & Co. Patent. Send model, sketch, or photo. For free examination and advice.

BOOK ON PATENTS FREE. No Atty. necessary. Write to A. S. SNOW & CO., Patent Lawyers, WASHINGTON, D. C.

F. BAIRSTOW, MANUFACTURER OF

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, CEMETARY WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Correspondence Solicited. 125 Genesee St., WAUKEGAN, ILL.



SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED. J. F. Ingalls & Son, Jewelers and Opticians, 12 Genesee St., Waukegan, Ill.

Dr. George Doerbecker, DENTIST,

Opp. First National Bank, WAUKEGAN, ILL. Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia.

A-B STOVE POLISH.

THE OLDEST AND Most Reliable Liquid IN THE MARKET.



.....A FAST SELLER.....
.....NO HUMBUG.....
.....RELIABLE.....
.....DURABLE.....
.....SMOKELESS.....
.....ODORLESS.....
.....WATERPROOF.....
.....BRILLIANT.....
.....CLEAN.....

Lead. Others Follow Ask Your Jobber for "A. B." Try Our C-D & FAST POLISH.

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Undertaking and Embalming.

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has Money To Loan on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire 29-1 at the BANK OF ANTIOCH.

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anything you invent or improve also get PATENT, TRADE-MARK, COPYRIGHT, DESIGN, PROTECTION. Send model, sketch, or photo. For free examination and advice. Write to A. S. SNOW & CO., Patent Lawyers, WASHINGTON, D. C.

FIGURE WITH US!

Want your 1901 business and we are going to give you first-class goods and at a small margin of profit to get your trade and the more of your trade you can give us the smaller will be the profit which we can figure. We thank you all for the very liberal amount of patronage given us in 1900 and earnestly solicit your patronage the coming year. We are going to start right by giving you some exceptional bargains we desire to close out at once.

Ladies' Skirts
\$4.50 for \$6.00 Walking Skirts
\$3.25 for \$4.50 and \$5.00 Walking Skirts
1.25 for \$2.00 Dress Skirts
8.75 for \$5.00 Dress Skirts

Ladies' Wrappers
\$2.00 Flannellette Wrappers at \$1.45
1.75 Flannellette Wrappers at \$1.35
1.25 Flannellette Wrappers at \$1.00
1.00 Flannellette Wrappers at .80

Cloaks and Jackets
\$7.50 Up-to-date Jackets go at \$5.50
5.00 Up-to-date Jackets go at \$3.50
Infants Short Cloaks at cost

Eiderdown Flannels
For Baby Cloaks and Dressing Sacks
Former price 40c, now 30c
55c French Flannels go at 45c
75c French Flannels go at 55c

Millinery
Any Walking Hat at 1/2 former price
Any Trimm'd Hat at 1/2 former price
We offer a lot of Wool Tum's to Shanters that were 50c to 60c, to close at 15c

Boots and Shoes
Duck or Snag Proof Felt Overs
were \$2.25, go at 1.75
\$2.50 grade Felt and Overs at \$1.95
2.00 grade Felt and Overs at 1.45
Children's Arctic 6 to 9 go at .35
Men's regular \$2.50 Tan Shoes
with heavy soles 2.00
Best German Sock Outlets
was \$2.75 now 2.00

Toys and Games
Any Toy or Game you may have seen here at Christmas time you may buy at one-half the price asked then

Groceries
Kennedy's Kenosha Crackers.....8c
A good Ginger Snap.....6c
2 packages Yeast Foam.....5c
10-pkg Arm and Hammer Soda.....5c
Bolt Starch, per lb.....8c
Bulk Coconut, per lb.....14c
Quaker Oats.....8c
First Bottle of Ammonia.....6c
Quart Bottle Best Bluing.....5c

F. D. BATTERSHALL, Grayslake

BRISTOL, WIS.

Mr. Arthur Gaines spent Tuesday of this week in Kenosha.

Mr. H. A. Nelson went to Madison last week to attend the funeral of his wife's brother, who has been sick for a long time.

Miss Myra Whitcher, of Kenosha, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Murdoch.

Miss Emeline Jackson, who has been very sick with pneumonia, is now thought to be out of danger and on the fair road to recovery.

Miss Flora Garrett gave a birthday party to a goodly number of her friends last Saturday evening. A very enjoyable evening was had by all.

Miss Nina Dixon gave a party to a number of her friends on Tuesday evening of last week in honor of her birthday. A pleasant time is reported.

The Young Ladies' Missionary Society will hold their quarterly tea at the home of Mrs. W. Jackson on Friday afternoon of this week. A good attendance is desired.

The society of Mystic Workers of the World, was organized in the Woodman hall of this place, last Friday evening, with twenty-one members. Mr. Andrews, a former resident of this place, is deputy of the organization.

Rev. T. K. Gale, of Chicago, will give an electioneering entertainment in the M. E. church of this place, on Thursday evening, Feb. 7th, for the benefit of the Sunday school. A number of musical selections by local talent will be given also. Any who may have heard Mr. Gale recite will, we feel sure, be only to glad of an opportunity to hear him again, and those who have not had this pleasure should not miss this opportunity of hearing him. Admission, 10 and 15 cents.

This season there is a large death rate among children from croup and lung troubles. Prompt action will save the little ones from these terrible diseases. We know of nothing so certain to give instant relief as One Minute Cough Cure. It can also be relied upon in gripe and all throat and lung troubles of adults. Pleasant to take. Wm. T. Hill.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

was one of the first roads to penetrate the vast Northern Wisconsin Wilderness which stretches across the state from east to west. It, also, has developed from year to year and today offers the best of transportation facilities, enabling all to ship the products of that section to any market in the world. Illustrated pamphlets can be obtained by addressing W. H. Killen, Land and Industrial Commissioner, Geo. T. Jarvis, Gen. Mgr.; Burton Johnson, G. F. A. or Jas. C. Pond, G. P. A., Colby & Abbot Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

Such little pills as DeWitt's Little Early Risers are very easily taken and they are wonderfully effective in cleansing the liver and bowels. Wm. T. Hill, Antioch.

The Game of Whist.

A neat booklet issued by the Wisconsin Central railroad, fully giving all the laws governing the game of Whist and Duplicate Whist, as well as other valuable information can be obtained by addressing Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

When threatened with pneumonia or any other lung trouble, prompt relief is necessary, as it is dangerous to delay. We would suggest that One Minute Cough Cure be taken as soon as indications of having taken cold are noticed. It cures quickly and its early use prevents consumption. Wm. T. Hill.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases. This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co.

Reconsidered.

A Topeka man lost a small opal set out of his ring and went to the jeweler to have it replaced. Returning home he found the lost set and putting it in his mouth for safe keeping, hurried back to the jeweler to have that set used instead of the new opal. Rushing into the store he said: "Say, I've found the old set, so don't use that new one." He attempted to remove the stone from his mouth, gave a gulp, looked sheepish, and said: "I guess you'll have to use the new stone." That man needed a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Sold by W. T. Hill.

Northern Wisconsin Railroad Lands

are increasing in value from year to year. Railroads are the great civilizers, for they give the settler as well as the manufacturer equal opportunity to work in undeveloped fields, thereby rapidly settling the country and bringing forth its undiscovered riches. Northern Wisconsin is rich in iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl, timber and fine farm lands. It has many a settler independent and added to the wealth of manufacturers who have sought this territory. Opportunities have never been so good as now. A general map of the territory which can be obtained at once on application to the

UNITY IS NEEDED.

Head of the Christian World Combining Against Islam.

When Mohammedanism arose, the unity of its action enabled it to sweep over half the Christian world. Like a tidal wave it submerged Christian Asia and Christian Africa, while the virile Christian strength of Europe employed itself with petty domestic quarrels over family claims to territory. While Mohammedanism again and again attacked the head center of Christendom at Constantinople, western Christendom quarreled on, with vision too narrow to comprehend events. Across the pillars of Hercules and over the mountains of Spain the wave rolled on, until it passed even beyond the Pyrenees into southern France. Across the Bosphorus it rolled; at the other end of the continent, wiping out the Byzantine Empire, with all its priceless treasures of civilization, leaving of Macedonia and ancient Greece only fragmentary memories, and surged up to the very gates of Vienna. Did Christian arms drive it back? Not at all. We are fond of believing that Carl Martel saved Christian Europe in Aquitaine, and that, later, John Sobieski repeated the salvation under the walls of Vienna. The salvation of Europe was not due to these heroes, great as were their deeds, but to the fact that, with centuries of success, Mohammedanism had lost its political unity. It was not Mohammedanism, but the Caliphate of Cordova, that Charles the Hammer defeated on the plains of southern France. Western Europe was lost to the Moors, not then, but two centuries before, when they severed their allegiance to Baghdad. It was not Mohammedanism that the king of Poland turned back at Vienna, but the Turkish empire, which had never recognized either political or religious leadership other than its own sultan. Mohammedanism, as a political force, had become scattered and ineffective. Now the Christian world is precipitated into another great religious war—for we can make nothing else out of the Chinese situation. We know enough now to understand that the horrors being enacted there are but manifestations of a general movement to expel Christianity from eastern Asia? Can the Christian world meet this movement with anything like political unity? If it can not, if the British government is to be jealous of Russia, if France is to busy herself watching German and British schemes, if Germany is to be German first and Christian afterward, if Russia is to be Russian first, last and all the time, it were better far to merely save such lives as we can and then leave China to the Chinese.—Indianapolis Free Press.

THEORY OF MURDER.

Treatment of Animals an Index in the Criminal Instinct.

According to an ingenious statistician who has been at work on the subject ever since the assassination of King Humbert of Italy, the greatest number of murders is likely to be committed in that country in which animals are treated with the most cruelty. He claims too that comparatively few murders are committed in those countries in which societies for the protection of animals flourish. Out of every million inhabitants, he says, there are in England and Ireland only six murderers; in Germany, 11; in Belgium, 14; in France 16; in Austria, 23; in Hungary, 67; in Spain, 83, and in Italy, 95. These figures, he maintains, are just what might be expected. In no country, he says, are animals treated with more kindness than in Great Britain and with more cruelty than in Italy, and the treatment accorded to them in the other countries may fairly be gauged according to the number of murders committed in each. At the same time this statistician, who is a German, and an influential member of the Berlin Society for the Protection of Animals, admits that climate is a considerable factor in this matter.

ORGAN EARNING.

More Patronage to Grinders Than to Grand Opera.

The hand-organ grinders of New York get more patronage, measured by actual receipts, than the grand opera forces at the Metropolitan Opera house; says the New York World. In all the discussion about abolishing the street-organ this remarkable fact has been overlooked. There are nearly 300 hand-organs now in very active operation in the city. There are many more small machines used as a pretext for begging. After questioning the manufacturers of these organs and the musicians themselves it was found that the average daily receipts of one of these organizations, consisting of one organ and two musicians, are about \$3. Some organs are accompanied by women who perform on the tambourine. The daily income of these musicians may be set down at about \$900. For the year the contributions are in round numbers \$250,000. The Metropolitan opera season lasts about ten weeks. The exact cost of supporting the opera cannot be obtained. The gentlemen in possession of these figures on being questioned say that they are private property. A careful calculation of the salaries of the singers, the cost of staging, etc., would indicate that the cost was considerably below the receipts of the organ-grinders.

Two Preachers Sentenced.

Among the prisoners on trial at the last term of the Russellville, Ala., circuit court were two preachers, both white. One, Richard Key, was sentenced to two years for bigamy; the other, W. H. Holmes, was sent to the coal mines for 127 days for carrying a pistol.

GREAT JUMPING.

Maid Afloat of Agency Leap Through Small Window.

A most remarkable story the truth of which is vouched for by Maj. E. Selden, the well-known street car man, and several of his employees, concerning two full-grown mules jumping through a small window in the old horse car stables in Manchester, has just come to light. The story as related by Maj. Selden, and sworn to by several of the most reliable men in his employ, is as follows: The blacksmith, Henry Dandridge (who has since died) was required to go to the stables daily to examine and replace all shoes that had become loose or been lost while the mules were at work. On the occasion referred to above he had purchased a new sheep-skin apron, which the mules had never seen, and when Dandridge went into the stall without warning one of them, "Bet," became alarmed at the sight of the leather and leaped through the open window to the ground outside. Maj. Selden says he came in about this time, and upon learning the cause of the excitement, ordered the man to go back into the stall, and when he started the mule reared up and was about to repeat the performance. He feared the mule might not be so fortunate in the second jump and told the man to come out of the stall. The "Maggie" mule, says Maj. Selden, jumped through a window the same size on the opposite side of the stable, and as far as he could discover, upon close examination, neither of them received the slightest touch. He says that they were plainly visible on the outside where the "Bet" mule landed. He made an effort to turn and again the window, she being still halted by a scantling on the inside. The halter chain, four feet long, was attached to a beam four and a half feet above the floor on which the mule stood. Window opening, one foot nine inches by two feet six inches. Trough, two feet wide, top of trough to floor, two feet 11 inches. From bottom of window sill to ground outside, four feet seven inches. Maj. Selden says "Bet" was selected from 42 mules owned by the Richmond & Manchester railway company, on account of her size, as a regular tug, to draw cars up the hill from Ninth and Cary to Ninth and Main streets, and would weigh about 850 pounds.

VOTING MACHINES.

Their Use Commended, but One Defect Should be Remedied.

After two trials the people of Buffalo will never voluntarily dispense with the voting machine. It has given much satisfaction. By using it we have secured a better method of voting than we had ever before, and what is most important, a quick and trustworthy count. But those who favor permanent employment of the machine and would encourage its introduction in other parts of the state and the country, in which it has not been adopted yet, ought not to ignore or conceal any real defect or mistake in its use. The manner in which the voting for presidential electors was done here by means of the machine was unquestionably illegal and under different circumstances might have led to serious complications, says the Buffalo Enquirer. We do not refer to the fact that there was no possibility for ordinary "splitting" of the electoral candidates nominated by different parties in the way in which state and local tickets are split. There was a more serious defect, not in the machine itself, but in the arrangement made for its use. The people voted "for Republican or Democratic or other" presidential electors" without indicating the names of these "electors," who, in point of law and fact, were not electors, but party candidates for electors of president and vice-president. The names of these candidates were not expressed. Was there any authority of law for adopting this new and unprecedented manner of voting? Supposing the machine had not given the names of the nominees for state offices and the voters had expressed their preference "for the Republican candidates for state offices," not indicating their names, or "for the Democratic nominee for governor" instead of "John B. Stanchfield," does any well-informed person believe that such a vote would have been generally recognized as constitutional and valid? Fortunately the large majorities and the decisive general result of the recent presidential election have removed every temptation for a dispute. But if the law remains what it is now, this way of using the machine in voting for electoral candidates ought never to be repeated. We believe that the election machine, if properly used will, in the course of a few years, be adopted in all parts of the United States.

Our Industrial Conquest.

The United States is, industriously, a great world power, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. We are selling our manufactured products in every country in the world. We are sending farm implements, wagons, furniture, sewing machines, pumps, bicycles and typewriters to every country of Europe; locomotives, railway material, household utensils, clocks, and watches to Siberia; cotton goods, hardware, canned goods, sewing machines and scientific apparatus to China; farm implements, mining machinery, rails, cycles and furniture to Africa, Australia and South America.

Long Observed Women Voting.

Secretary of the Navy Long was in Denver on election day and had an opportunity to observe women voting. There was nothing to jar the most sensitive spectators, he says. On the contrary, the tendency was to elevate and broaden, rather than to degrade or impair.



It Saved My Life.

Extreme cases of disease test the real value of a medicine. Many "tonic" and "stimulant" preparations, which have no real medicinal value, seem to brace up the users when they are feeling "played out." Any stimulant will do this whether bought at the liquor store or drug store. The true test of a medicine is when life itself is staked on its remedial power. In hundreds of such cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been the means of saving life when even the "family doctor" had pronounced sentence of death.

"I had been a great sufferer for several years, and my family doctor said I would not be a living man in two years; but, thank God, I am still living," writes Mr. George W. Trustow, of Lipscomb, Augusta Co., Va. "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is what saved my life. I had heart trouble so bad that I could not lie on my left side without a great deal of pain. I was nearly past work when I commenced your medicine, but I can do about as much work now as any man. I cannot say too much for the benefit I have received."

Many diseases, named for the organs affected, as "heart disease," "lung disease," "liver complaint," etc., are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures through the blood diseases which originate in the

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Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber as administrator of the estate of Wallace B. Rogers, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, Ill., on the first Monday of February next, 1901, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication. ALLEN ROGERS, Administrator. Waukegan, Dec. 11, 1900. 16w6

Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber as Administrator of the estate of Emma Rogers, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House, in Waukegan, Ill., on the first Monday of February next, 1901, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication. ALLEN ROGERS, Administrator. Waukegan, Dec. 11, 1900. 16w6

Administrator's Notice.

State of Illinois, ss: I, Estate of Anson B. Stanchfield, deceased, do hereby certify that I have filed in the office of the County Clerk of said Lake County my final report of my acts and doings as administrator of said estate, and that I will, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1901, apply to the Judge of said court to have the same approved and ask an order of court for a discharge as such administrator, at which time and place you can appear if you see fit. Dated this 21st day of December, A. D. 1900. ALLEN ROGERS, Administrator.

Administrator's Notice.

State of Illinois, ss: I, Estate of John Fegelow, deceased, do hereby certify that I have filed in the office of the County Clerk of Lake County of Illinois, my final report of my acts and doings as administrator of said estate, and that I will, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1901, apply to the Judge of said court to have the same approved and ask an order of court for a discharge as such administrator, at which time and place you can appear if you see fit. J. K. ORVILE, Administrator. Dated at Waukegan, Ill., this 10th day, A. D. 1901.

R. S. BOTSFORD

Justice of the Peace

Conveyancing, Real Estate Collections

130 Washington St.

The Antioch News

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

George A. Fuller & Co., the Chicago contractors, have secured the contract for the erection of the big H. C. O. Truck office building at Pittsburg, Pa. The building will be twenty-two stories high and the contract price is between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000.

The four-story factory of Darby & Son, manufacturers of wire work, in Philadelphia, and the thirteenth manufacturing of O. E. Porter, adjoining, were damaged by fire, causing an estimated loss of \$75,000. William Mills, a fireman, was seriously injured by falling bricks.

The heaviest snowfall known in years has absolutely blocked all the railroads of Alaska. From Skagway to Dawson and below the Yukon is covered deeply. While the drifts in places exceed twenty feet, the White Pass and Yukon Railroad is tied up its entire length.

More than \$8,000 pension claims in the office of Miss B. Stevens & Co., Washington, D. C., were destroyed in the fire. Many of the papers were to be used as evidence in attempting to secure favorable action by the pension office on claims, and cannot be replaced.

Disaffected Creek Indians, known as the "Snake band," have been riding about the country west of Bufala, I. T., Winchester in hand, whipping and maltreating peaceful Indians. The peaceable people have applied to the United States authorities for protection.

Mrs. Mamie Drungold of Joliet, Ill., at the union depot, St. Paul, Minn., en route to her home, made her way to the second floor of the station, opened a window and threw herself out to the tracks below. She received injuries from which physicians say she cannot recover.

The postoffice and store of Burnley & Hall in Trousdale, Tenn., were robbed and burned. The robbers cracked the safe and secured between \$250 and \$300 in cash, besides a lot of stamps. The store was then fired, and the value of the property destroyed is estimated at \$10,000.

Albert Miller and his friend, George Rose, were found dead in bed at their room at 620 Fifth street, Northwest, Washington, D. C. Death had been caused by inhaling illuminating gas, the young men evidently having turned on the current to a small heating stove and failed to light the same.

The North Ohio Traction Company, which has just secured control of the Akron and Cuyahoga Falls rapid transit lines, will build at once an extension from Kent to Ravenna, six miles, and another from Akron to Canton, twenty miles. The company will increase its capital stock to \$1,000,000.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, the woman who wrecked the Carey Hotel saloon in Wichita, Kan., a few weeks ago, again led a band of temperance women the other afternoon which wrecked two saloons in East Douglas avenue and were just entering the Carey saloon to wreck it again when the police arrived and took the women to the station.

At a meeting of the four classes of the West Point military academy it was unanimously agreed to abolish the practice of hazing. A resolution to this effect was drawn up and presented to the congressional investigating committee. Gen. Dick said: "This voluntary act of the corps has no impressed the committee that they have reason to believe that in spirit and in letter it will be carried out by those cadets who are now at the military academy. This action of the men is greatly commended by the committee."

The Norwegian steamer Talsman, laden with sugar from Demerara, while proceeding from her anchorage off Liberty Island at New York creek to discharge, struck what is supposed to have been a sunken wreck at the entrance to New York creek, opposite Blackwell's Island, New York harbor, and knocked a big hole in her bottom forward, through which she quickly filled and sunk.

NEWS NUGGETS

Bubonic plague is gradually increasing in Asia Minor.

British ship Moel Tryvan foundered near Cherbourg, eleven of the crew drowning.

Cann of Russia has ordered 12,000 winter garments to be distributed among Pekin paupers.

Five Chinese girls were sold at auction in San Francisco by a merchant who was returning to China.

John Wiser was swept over Niagara Falls and his companion, Joseph Marsh, narrowly escaped the same fate.

Schooner A. T. Coleman was wrecked at Atlantic City, but the officers and crew were rescued by the life savers.

Elmer Peterson was killed in a fire at the Commercial House at Kewanee, Ill. Two others are dead and two badly hurt.

An old five-story building in East Twenty-third street, New York, which was being reconstructed and modernized, collapsed and two men were instantly killed by being buried under falling bricks.

At Vernon, B. C., Lee English, 20 years old, shot and killed Thomas Carson, his brother-in-law, and also fatally wounded William Carson. The fight was the outcome of charges of ill treatment of Mrs. Thomas Carson by her husband.

Henry Mayhew's store at Grand Malin, on the north shore of Lake Superior, one of the famous lumber camps, was destroyed by fire. Mr. Mayhew had made a very valuable collection of Lake Superior stones which went in the fire.

Baron de Rothschild and Count de Lubert fought their long-expected duel, with rapiers, and the latter was badly wounded in the chest.

The big battle of the Wisconsin Lakes Ice Company at Chicago and Poplar streets, Milwaukee, was fought on a recent night. Twenty lives were perished in the flames.

Cleveland is the place and Sept. 9 the date fixed by the executive committee of the national council of administration of G. A. R. for the annual encampment of that organization. The encampment is to have been held in Denver, Colo.

EASTERN.

In Newark, N. J., Mrs. Anna Lake dropped dead from excessive laughing.

Samuel Hertz, alleged forger of New York, was arrested on landing at Queens-town.

Prof. W. H. Hudson and C. N. Little have resigned from the faculty of Stanford University.

Cornelius L. Alford, Jr., the defaulting note taker of the First National Bank, was sentenced in New York to thirteen years imprisonment.

Miss Alta Rockefeller, daughter of John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, and E. Parmelee Prentice of Chicago, were married Thursday in New York.

A woman who had registered as Mrs. Sam T. Jack was found unconscious from gas in the South Hotel, East 11th street, New York. Great mystery surrounds the woman's identity.

Joseph G. Sieford, a marine attached to Company C, in the Brooklyn navy yard, was killed in a barroom on the Bowery, New York, by the bartender, who called himself John Henry of Brooklyn.

Prof. J. G. Gerberich, owner and principal of the Lebanon Business College at Lebanon, Pa., is missing and there is evidence of foul play and suicide. It is known that Prof. Gerberich is heavily involved financially.

President Johnson of the Lehigh Traction Company at Bethlehem, Pa., announced that the wages of the motormen and conductors of that system, 200 in number, have been advanced on an equal basis of \$1.85 per week.

Policeman Charles W. Doss surprised and routed a gang of four men attempting to rob the German Savings Bank in Cumberland, Md. He is sure he hit two of the robbers in the battle with revolvers, but the men escaped.

Robert Goetz, the wealthiest student at Harvard, recently attained his twenty-first year and came into \$500,000 for his present use, with the assurance of the immense fortune of \$25,000,000 which falls to him when he is 25.

"Didn't I bounce, though?" said G. Y. G. of Auburn, N. Y., when a terrified passerby picked him up after a fall from the third-story window of 126 East Thirty-eighth street, New York. The little fellow has a fractured skull, but there is chance for his life.

After a memorable struggle which had continued for several years, Col. M. S. Quay, regular Republican nominee for United States Senator, was elected by the Pennsylvania Legislature to fill the vacancy created by the expiration of his term on March 4, 1895.

Walter C. McAllister, Andrew J. Campbell and William Dent, three of the four persons indicted for the murder of Jennie Boschert, a Pullman girl at Paterson, N. J., were adjudged guilty of murder in the second degree. The maximum penalty for the crime is thirty years in prison.

A peculiar case was brought to light in New York when Dr. William C. Gallagher reported to the coroner's office the death of Murray Hall, 60 years old, who kept an employment agency at 145 Sixth avenue. Death was caused by cancer of the breast. Hall, it is disclosed, was a woman.

WESTERN.

The business portion of Koons, Ill., was wiped out by fire, entailing a loss estimated at \$40,000.

Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland is said to have bought the Baker street underground line in London.

Immigrant inspector seized twenty-two Japanese contract laborers and a British sloop at Waldron Island, Wash.

Wiley Morgan, who was stabbed by E. H. B. Snelling, died at Manchester, Ohio. Snelling was taken to the West Union jail.

The Kansas woman suffrage law will stand. The House judiciary committee has recommended that the repealing act be not passed.

Both houses of the Oregon Legislature have passed a resolution submitting to a vote of the people an initiative and referendum amendment.

The Missouri State Federation of Labor has adopted a resolution forbidding the appropriation of any money by the Legislature for the State militia.

At Brazil, Ind., Cynthia Rose, aged 18, while preparing breakfast, in some manner got her clothing on fire. She was so badly burned that she died in a short time.

Hiram W. Sibley of Rochester, N. Y., has sold 55,000,000 feet of standing white pine in Lake County, Minnesota, to Richardson & Avery of Duluth for \$270,000. It will be sawed in Duluth.

Cash amounting to \$250, a large quantity of stamps, and a buggy with a two-horse team, was the result to thieves of a raid on the postoffice, general store and livery stable of Richwood, Mo.

The new blast furnace of the American Steel and Wire Company in Cleveland was "blown in" the other day. It cost about \$1,000,000 and it has a capacity of 500 tons of Bessemer pig iron daily.

Lawrence Connell died at his home near St. Joseph, Mo., aged 115 years. He had led an active outdoor life for more than a century. He left a numerous progeny, down to great-grandchildren.

Marvin Kilias, escaped convict, who for weeks has terrorized northern Indiana and defied the officers, is in jail in Cass County, Ind., where he made such a desperate fight for life and liberty Dec. 10.

Train No. 1, the west-bound flyer on the Union Pacific, was wrecked on a curve a mile east of Hilliard, Wyo. A broken truck under the head car in the train derailed it. Thirteen persons were injured.

A stranger named Potts, arrested in Grand Ohio, for an assault on Thomas Moss, an 8-year-old boy, narrowly escaped death by fire in jail, but the flames were discovered and subdued by the authorities.

The Sandusky Furniture Company's factory at Sandusky, Ohio, caught fire in the engine room and the establishment and contents were destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$50,000; insurance about \$12,000.

The big safe in Harold Vece's store at Perth, Ind., was rent asunder by a charge of dynamite and robbed of \$100 in money and several hundred dollars worth of notes and jewelry. The robbers escaped.

Ex-Gov. James A. Mount dropped dead

of heart failure at his room in the Denison Hotel, Indianapolis. He retired from the governor's office only a few days ago. He had been well and death was wholly unexpected.

The east end of the Ohio bridge, connecting East Liverpool, Ohio, and the town of Chester was attached to secure payment in a suit against the East Liverpool Bridge Company for \$18,000 on a promissory note.

The board of trustees of the Central Congregational Church of Topeka, Kan., increased the salary of the Rev. Charles M. Sheldon from \$1,200 to \$1,800 a year. Mr. Sheldon refused an offer of \$10,000 a year while in London.

At Leavenworth, Kan., Fred Alexander, the negro who attempted to assault Miss E. B. Roth and who was accused of having assaulted and murdered Miss Pearl Forbes on the night of Nov. 9, was burned at the stake.

An unidentified young man committed suicide by jumping from the middle span of the Eads bridge at St. Louis into the main channel of the Mississippi river, 100 feet below. The suicide was well dressed and apparently about 27 years old.

The Ohio State Board of Pardons refused to interfere in the case of Rosslyn H. Ferrell, in the penitentiary annex under sentence to be electrocuted on March 21. Ferrell was convicted of the murder of Express Messenger Charles Lane.

Having stolen \$18,000 from the Watkinson State Bank at Watkinson, Kan., of which he was cashier, and discovery being imminent, Jacob P. Harpist walked into an undertaking establishment, lay down upon a coffin and shot himself dead.

Safe blowers entered Frederick Coats' store at Patricksburg, Ind., and blew open the safe. The explosion wrecked the building. About \$1,500 in money and notes was taken. Then the safe crackers stole a horse and buggy and drove away.

W. L. Osborne, aged 80 years, who has been in the real estate business in Kansas City for years, was found unconscious in his room. He had taken a big dose of morphine and in notes to relatives stated he was despondent because of ill health.

The Aberdeen apartment building, a three-story brick structure at Garfield boulevard and Aberdeen street, Chicago, was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of about \$75,000. One man was burned to death and a number of others experienced narrow escapes.

Elmer Hart, a well-known young man of Mansfield, Ohio, indicted by grand jury for riot, was acquitted. He was charged with entering the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Romer, local Dovesites, and making a search of their house in quest of Dovesites.

Theodore Boelger, a Chicago musician, 71 years old, stepped from a South Side L train, missed the station platform and fell to the ground below, a distance of twenty-five feet. His nose was broken, his body was severely bruised and he sustained internal injuries.

The Santa Fe overland No. 8, east bound from San Francisco for Chicago, ran over a burning bridge at Siberia, Cal., all the cars being derailed. The engine alone remained on the track. The passenger coaches maintained their upright position and no one was injured.

A burglar ransacked the house of Cashier Fred Stillwagon of the City National Bank, at Niles, Ohio. He talked to Stillwagon in a jolly mood, thanking him for the plunder. He locked the inmates in a room and escaped with diamond rings, a watch and some money.

There prevails in Platte County, Neb., a disease which has carried off the majority of the hogs. The loss to the farmers is placed at \$500,000 in the last three or four months. Men who had 400 to 500 hogs each find themselves now that the plague has about exhausted itself, with only ten or fifteen hogs.

The finding of a bunch of brass baggage checks in gravel near shore is believed to be proof that the wreck of the steamer Chicora lies a few miles south-west of St. Joseph, Mich., harbor. The checks belonged to the Chicora, which was last heard of Jan. 21, 1895. Twenty-one persons on the steamer perished.

Four children of Benjamin Miller were burned to death near Middleburg, Ind. Their ages ranged from 3 to 10 years. Miller had risen early, lighted a lamp and gone to the barn. The lamp exploded, setting fire to the house. The four children were asleep on the second floor, and it was impossible to rescue them.

The Supreme Court at Columbus, Ohio, refused to grant a rehearing of the two cases of the heirs of ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes against James Hunt, administrator. The point at issue is the payment of an annuity to an imbecile uncle of the late President Hayes. The courts have held that the heirs must pay the claim.

SOUTHERN.

William Porter was shot and killed by Moses Smith near Dunbar, Va. Both men were farmers and two weeks ago there was a quarrel between their families. Since that time the men have been enemies.

Train wreckers are believed to have caused the derailment of a West Coast Flat system train a few miles south of Dunsmuir, Cal., causing the death of Engineer Tom Roach and injuring several passengers.

At Olive Hill, Ky., John Knapp shot Frank Thompson, his son-in-law, nine times with a rifle, killing him instantly. Thompson is said to have threatened Knapp's life and was advancing on him with a knife.

The People's Bank of Livingston, Tenn., was entered by burglars and robbed of \$5,000. No trace of the burglars has been discovered. Livingston is a remote town, about fifteen miles from the nearest railroad point.

The trustees of the Lincoln memorial school at Cumberland Gap, Tenn., have had a division and some of them have started a rival college, calling it the Jefferson Davis memorial school. The fight out was a bitter sectional difference.

Thirty-six men left Knoxville, Tenn., recently for Bendora to serve as foremen, timekeepers, etc., for the James McDonald Contracting Company in building 300 miles of railway from Guayaquil to Quito, over the Andes mountains. Ten thousand men will be employed.

At Corbin, Ky., the blowing up of White's grocery, where Hollie White, who had shot James Shotwell, was waiting officers to put him under arrest, was

supposed to have caused the death of several persons. Mrs. Susan Cox was found dead from a bullet wound outside the building.

A foreclosure sale of all the Diston Land Company's land in Florida, together with the mules, wagons, farming implements, etc., on Feb. 4, 1901, has been ordered. This means the cutting on the market of the 2,000,000 acres that have been tied up and withheld from settlers for a number of years.

FOREIGN.

Mr. Malcha of Paris claims to have invented a wireless telephone.

Delgado, insurgent commander-in-chief of Iloilo province, has surrendered.

British war office will enlist 5,000 more women for service in South Africa.

Johann Faber, founder of the Faber lead pencil factory, is dead at Nuremberg.

Gen. De Wet has crossed the Vaal river and joined the commandos in the Transvaal.

Officer in Swedish army has invented an air torpedo with a range of nearly four miles.

Four hundred Japanese fishermen were lost in a storm off the west coast of Japan Jan. 10.

Duchess of Marlborough was thrown from her horse while hunting, but escaped serious injury.

Samuel Lewis, London's noted usurer, left an estate of \$20,000,000, of which he willed \$4,750,000 to charity.

Premier Barton says the Australian commonwealth will own the railroads and have a protective tariff.

French Chamber of Deputies adopted a resolution resenting the Pope's interference in the domestic affairs of France.

Gen. De Wet is said to have flogged two Boers and executed one British subject because they went to him as peace envoys.

The British steamer Kaiser, which sailed from Rangoon for Reunion, has been wrecked at Reunion. Twenty-five of the persons on board the vessel, including the captain, lost their lives.

Scotland yard officials have been called to arrest in Liverpool as he stops from the steamer the defaulting confidential clerk of a large wholesale house in Walker street, New York, who is said to have absconded with \$50,000 of the firm's funds and to have embezzled \$200,000 before he was even suspected.

IN GENERAL.

Versachin is going to China and the Philippines to paint war scenes.

Colombian rebels met a crushing defeat outside the city of Panama.

Theodore Roosevelt killed a mountain lion and saved Dr. Webb from peril.

Bell Telephone Company paid \$50,000 for Prof. Pupin's invention for ocean telephoning.

Col. Roosevelt has killed two more mountain lions, stabbing them with his hunting knife.

George W. Vanderbilt has bought an autograph genealogy of George Washington for \$1750.

Col. Roosevelt was charged by a wounded grizzly and fell down, but his guide killed the bear.

United States Senators elected recently were: James McMillan, Michigan; H. B. Burnham, New Hampshire; George B. Hoar, Massachusetts; W. P. Frye, Maine; T. M. Patterson, Colorado; M. S. Quay, Pennsylvania; and P. T. Dubois, Idaho.

W. W. Rockhill, special commissioner of the United States to China, has been recalled. Mr. Rockhill's withdrawal is due to the desire of the administration to have him in Washington, where he will be able to advise the President and Secretary Hay on the Eastern problem.

A company is being formed to operate lines of ice-crushing steamships between Duluth and Swedish, Norwegian and Russian points. Contracts for the ships for that part of the route between Quebec and North Sea ports will be let in Europe at once and for those to ply between Duluth and Parry Sound on the lakes will come later.

P. I. Andrews and others of Coudersport, Pa., have closed a deal for 40,000 tons of timber and mineral in the Monroe County, Tenn. An engineering party will be put in the field in a few days to survey for a fifteen-mile extension of the Nashville, Tellico and Charleston Railroad from Tellico Plains into this timber and mineral belt.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.05; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$5.40; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2, 23c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c; butter, choice creamery, 10c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 18c to 19c; potatoes, 43c to 49c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.25; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, white, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2, white, 25c to 26c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$5.80; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.30; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 50c to 51c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.85; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.10; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, mixed, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2, mixed, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2, yellow, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2, white, 27c to 28c; rye, 52c to 53c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2, mixed, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, mixed, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2, mixed, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c; clover seed, prime, \$8.00 to \$9.00.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, northern, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 3, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, white, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 1, 51c to 52c; barley, No. 2, 50c to 51c; pork, mess, \$13.50 to \$14.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, fair to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.40; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; lambs, common to extra, \$4.50 to \$6.00.

New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.55; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2, white, 23c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c; butter, creamery, 21c to 22c; eggs, western, 22c to 23c.

MOB BEHNS A NEGRO.

LEAVENWORTH, KAN., WITNESS—ES A HORRIBLE AFFAIR.

Doomed Man Fastened to a Stake and Off-Saturated Fuel Filled About Him—Wretch Had Attacked Miss Eva Roth—Suspected of Another Crime.

Five thousand infuriated men stormed the county jail in Leavenworth, Kan., Tuesday afternoon, took from it Fred Alexander, a negro, and burned him at the stake. Alexander was under arrest for an attempted assault on Miss Eva Roth and was suspected of having assaulted and murdered Miss Pearl Forbes last November.

The negro was taken from his cell at the State penitentiary at 8 o'clock in the afternoon and loaded into a hack and taken to Leavenworth. Fifty deputy marshals surrounded him and Deputy Sheriff Stancemeyer and Tom Brown sat in the hack on either side of him.

There were fifty huggies and wagons in the procession which followed the hack, and it was a funeral march indeed for Fred Alexander. The trip to town was made quietly and there was no attempt to create a disturbance on the road.

Entrance to the jail was effected by steel rails and iron bars, with which the mob battered in the doors and wrenched the cell doors and gratings from their fastenings. Sheriff Everhardy was called upon to surrender the negro, but refused. The mob was prepared for this action on his part, and in a minute the steel rails, propelled as battering rams by the united strength of hundreds of determined and bloodthirsty men, began a relentless attack on the jail doors. One after another the barriers gave way to the onslaught and in less than fifteen minutes the trembling negro was in the clutches of his captors.

The punishment meted out to Alexander was identical with that administered by a Colorado mob last November to another negro, Preston Porter. The details of Porter's execution were fresh in the minds of Leavenworth's people, and as Alexander was accused of precisely a similar crime his punishment was made a replica of the Colorado affair.

It was taken to the scene of his alleged victim's death, fastened by chains to an iron stake driven in the ground, fuel was then piled around him and saturated with oil and the father of his alleged victim given the privilege of putting the torch to his funeral pyre. Alexander made no resistance after once dragged to the stake and only kept saying: "You are killing the wrong man."

While preparations were being made for the execution there stood on a box across the street a woman of 20. She had stood at the door of the penitentiary and had said, "That is the man," as she saw Warden Tomlinson produce Alexander. "That is the man," she said, "I will assist me." The crowd had heard her evidence. That evidence was the negro's sentence and the mob was carrying it out.

By 5 o'clock the stake was declared ready. It was the work of but a few moments for half a dozen men to haul Alexander from the wagon up the four-foot bank of cordwood, and to fasten a chain about his chest and another about his feet to the rail. Then came the coal oil. It was poured on his head and splashed upon the cordwood.

"More! Good! Light it!" were the cries. "Confess, for a last time," said rugged old Mr. Forbes, determined to finish the tragedy he had set out to witness, but anxious to have conviction that he was about to help kill the man who had killed his daughter.

"I ain't got a thing to confess." "Then you are off for hell," was his answer.

"Wait. Let me see my mother. Let me shake hands with my friends. I see lots of them here." But the oil was all poured and the match was lighted. In a moment there was a flicker, a flame, the head of the negro waved from side to side as the flames jumped to meet it. A flash of light burst from the multitude.

Alexander's mother was the only one noticed crying. She was taken away by her negro friends before the match was applied.

In less than five minutes he was hanging limp and lifeless by the chains that bound him. As soon as the crowd saw that life was extinct, it began slowly to disperse.

When, two hours later, the fire had died down sufficiently to allow the crowd to approach what remained of Alexander, there was a wild scramble to obtain relics, bits of charred flesh, pieces of chain, scraps of wood—everything that could possibly serve as a souvenir, was seized on with morbid eagerness.

Some progress was made by the Senate on Tuesday in the consideration of the army reorganization bill. An amendment that has created much debate was disposed of and a tacit agreement has been reached for a "vote very soon." Mr. Cockrell (Missouri) emphasized his opposition to the increase in the army proposed by the bill and his intention to vote against it, but expressed his opinion that the bill ought to be disposed of speedily.

Mr. Sewall (New Jersey) also urged speedily action on the measure on account of the serious embarrassment the government was laboring under in preparing for the return of the volunteers from the Philippines. The principal speeches against the bill were made by Mr. Berry (Arkansas), Mr. Bacon (Georgia) and Mr. Fisher (California). Mr. Warren (Wyoming) delivered an extended argument in support of the bill. Bill granting pension of \$50 a month to Horatio N. Davis, father of the late Senator Davis of Minnesota, was passed. Mr. Davis was captain in commissary department. In the House the day was devoted to consideration of river and harbor bill.

The Senate on Wednesday decided to take final vote on reorganization bill at 4 o'clock Friday. Speeches in opposition to the bill were delivered by Mr. Money (Montana), Mr. Teller and Butler, while Mr. McCumber made argument in support of the measure. Feature of debate was denunciation of practice of laxing at West Point Military Academy. The House passed river and harbor appropriation bill substantially as it came from committee. It carries slightly less than \$90,000,000, of which \$25,000,000 is in direct appropriations. Section empowering the President to negotiate with Great Britain for maintenance of suitable levels on great lakes was broadened so as to provide for joint commission to conduct negotiations. De Armond resolution calling upon War Department for all information relative to alleged action of Gen. Chaffee in protesting against looting in China was laid upon the table.

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VICTORIA IS DEAD.

Britain's Beloved Queen Passes Peacefully Away.

EMPIRE IN MOURNING

Prince of Wales Now Ascends the Throne as Edward VII.

Members of the Royal Family Were at the Bedside When the Final Summons Came—Career of this Noble Woman Who Governed the Destinies of More than Three Hundred Million Subjects—Her Reign Was the Longest in the History of the English People.

Queen Victoria is dead. She passed away Tuesday, surrounded by her physicians and the members of her family. The Prince of Wales is now King of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India. The Queen's death places him on the throne as her legal successor. He will reign as Edward VII.

The long and beneficent reign of Queen Victoria is at an end. After occupying the throne of England for more than sixty-three years the venerable woman whose name is so closely identified with England's greatest era is no more, and her subjects have awakened with profound sorrow to the consciousness that her rule is over. Not only in Great Britain and its dependencies, but throughout the civilized world, the news has been received with a keen sense of the greatness with which she has played her part both as woman and as queen. It has been the special merit of the Queen so to fill the functions of rulership as to exer-



VICTORIA AT HER CORONATION.

cise a positive influence. By precept and example, by her eminent qualities of good sense and kindness, by her strength of character and her love of peace, she has done much to make the nation great and to secure the advancement of the world at large.

It is a noteworthy fact that while the changing conditions since she was crowned in 1837 have tended to reduce greatly the specific powers of sovereignty she has accepted the natural trend of events with equanimity, steadily gaining in esteem and affection as the years passed. Never has she been more sincerely revered and loved than during the decade just closed; never has the quiet force of her influence been more generally recognized. The whole period embraced in the Victorian era has been the period of Great Britain's greatest imperial development. The statesmen who were her advisers when she came to the throne, a girl of 18, seem now to have belonged to an entirely different epoch, as great has been the change in the political world and in the currents and tendencies of intellectual life. In all this process of growth Victoria has exercised a wholesome, if passive, influence. She has met new burdens and honors with dignity; she has kept before the British public high ideals of principle and conduct; and if the political growth and material prosperity of England are not directly traceable to her, her essential goodness and her well-poised character have at least done much to maintain the sentiment of confidence and patriotism which tend most to make for a nation's happiness.

The change of rulers necessitated by the death of the Queen comes at a time when the empire is beset with dangers and difficulties. After an era which is destined to be as distinctive in British history as the era of Elizabeth, it was Victoria's fate to see the British empire embarrassed by war and apparently losing its primacy among the nations of the earth. Whether it has not actually passed the climax of its greatness and is now on the point of a retrograde movement is a question yet to be determined. The circumstances under which Albert Edward assumes the sovereign power as King Edward VII. are therefore peculiarly trying, but thoughtful observers will be slow to conclude that as king he will fail to satisfy the needs and expectations of this British people. However England may have looked upon the last monarch, twenty years ago, in the recent years during which he has been called upon to perform most of the public and ceremonial functions of the monarch, acting as Victoria's representative, he has shown vigility and discretion. His reign in all probability will be comparatively brief, but there is good reason to believe that he will be guided by the same sound conservatism and will be a loyal monarch.

Nobody will ever think of Victoria as Great Britain's last monarch, for her right to a better title—Victoria the Well-Beloved. And in carrying that name she has rendered the best possible service to the English monarchy. In a stronger grasp the frail scepter might have snapped; her soft hand held it sure. Victoria has England become in all essentials a republic. It was because the monarch had ceased to govern that she continued to reign, and the other people watched at her death with sorrow as keen as if a personal bereavement were impending over every family.

VICTORIA ALEXANDRINA.



Born May 24, 1819. Enthroned June 20, 1837. Crowned June 28, 1838.

PROCLAMATION OF SUCCESSION.

The proclamation of the death of King Edward was issued immediately upon the Queen's death by the premier, Lord Salisbury, and the Archbishop of Canterbury with the sanction of the privy council. It was then made public throughout the realm through the lord mayors, the lord lieutenants of counties, etc. The proclamation reads:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call to his mercy our late sovereign lady, Queen Victoria, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decree the Imperial crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward. We therefore, the Lords spiritual and temporal of this realm, being here with those of her late Majesty's Privy Council, with members of her principal gentlemen of quality, with the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of London, do now hereby with one voice and consent of tongue and heart publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward is now by the death of our late sovereign lady happy memory become our only lawful and rightful liege Lord Edward by grace of God King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, defender of the faith, to whom we do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience, with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom Kings and Queens reign, to bless our royal King Edward with long and happy years to reign over us.

THRONE NEVER VACANT.

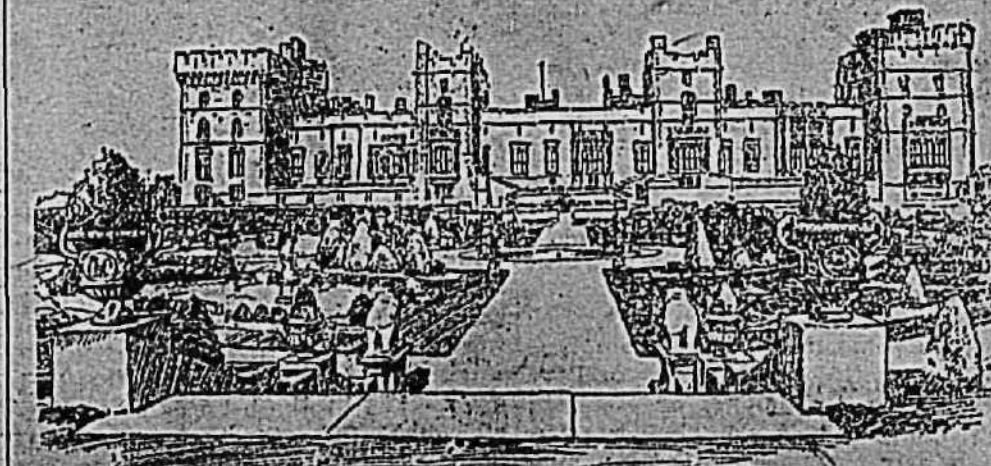
Prince of Wales Becomes King of England Immediately.

The theory of the English constitution is that the throne of Great Britain is never vacant. In other words, the sovereign never dies; the succession of his heirs being instantaneous. Hence, as De Brette explains it, the ceremony of coronation is merely a solemn recognition and confirmation of royal descent and the consequent right of accession to the throne, and is unnecessary for the security of the title to the crown. It is customary on the death of the sovereign for the Archbishop of Canterbury and the prime minister to notify the heir apparent of his accession, though even this is technically superfluous.

DESCENDANTS OF VICTORIA.

Seventy-three Children, Grandchildren and Great-Grandchildren.

When Queen Victoria came to the throne in 1837 the royal family of England had dwindled to meager proportions, the direct line of succession being centered in one girl of 18, Victoria. To-day her children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren living number seventy-three, and the Queen lived to see the third generation of her direct heirs to the British crown.



WINDSOR CASTLE, OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF THE QUEEN.

From the union of Victoria of England with Albert of Saxe-Coburg in 1840 have sprung ninety-four grandchildren, thirty-four great-grandchildren, and thirty-two great-great-grandchildren. She has twenty-two sons and one daughter, one granddaughter and seven grandsons. Marriage brought her twenty-nine daughters and sons-in-law. Three of the latter have died. While thirteen of the fourteen grandsons and granddaughters are now alive.

Longest Woman in History.—The Queen is the oldest monarch who has occupied the English throne, and has reigned for a longer period than any of her predecessors. The longest reign in English history has been Victoria's, which has lasted for more than sixty years. George III. reigned for sixty years, and Henry III. reigned for fifty years.

VICTORIA'S LAST DAYS.

The Queen's Health Had Been Falling for Months.

According to a London correspondent, Queen Victoria's constitution manifested the first symptoms of serious decay during the stay of the court at Windsor in November and December, 1890, when the evil tidings from the South African war came in rapid succession. Gen. Buller, before leaving, had assured the Queen that the campaign would be "difficult, but not dangerous." So the news of reverses came upon her with added severity. She never forgave Gen. Buller, and when his name was submitted for a command to visit Windsor after

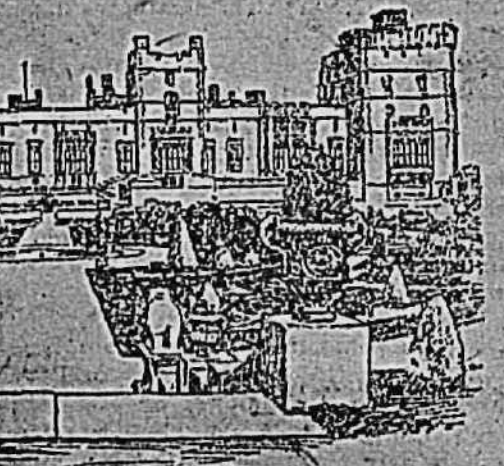


NEW KING AND QUEEN OF ENGLAND.

his return from the war she stroked it through with her pen.

At this time the Queen first had fits of crying, which in an aggravated form preceded her present critical illness. Her excitement over her Irish visit seemed to revive her, but before the visit ended a reaction set in. The public, however, were hoodwinked by accounts of her alleged replies to addresses and other evidence of mental activity, when in reality the Queen lived as in a dream.

So alarming was her condition beginning in December that the royal family was precluded from going on the continent. The change to Osborne did not work the benefit anticipated, as the war news and the illness of Empress Frederick became an obsession with the Queen, who suffered with increasing frequency from depression and crying. She was constantly referring to the death of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and expressed a wish to see the duchess, who accordingly



was brought to Osborne, but the first interview with the duchess left the Queen profoundly with grief. The last time she had with the duchess was a companion. On her return in the carriage the Queen was asleep, in which condition she was taken to bed, from which she did not afterward arise.

For a fortnight before Sir Francis Tait, without the knowledge of the public, had been assisting Sir James Reid at Osborne, and later Sir Douglas Powell, the famous heart and lung specialist, was summoned owing to two attacks of heart failure. Then the Queen had a stroke of paralysis, after which she remained in a comatose or semi-comatose condition, occasionally making "fitful" remarks.

Prince Heinrich, the only member of the family, according to reports, whom the Queen seemed to know in her last days.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE QUEEN'S LIFE.

1810, May 24—Born at Kensington Palace, London.
1820, Jan. 23—Duke of Kent died.
1837, June 20—William IV., King of England, died. Victoria ascended the throne.
1837, June 23—Coronation of Queen Victoria in Westminster Abbey.
1837, Nov. 20—Queen opened her first Parliament.
1839, Oct. 16—Queen proposed marriage to Prince Consort.
1840, Feb. 10—Married to Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.
1840, Nov. 21—Birth of Victoria Adelaide, Princess Royal.
1841, Nov. 20—Queen Edward, Prince of Wales, died.
1842, Sept. 17—Queen's first visit to Scotland.
1846, June 20—Corn law repealed.
1848, Nov. 24—Lord Melbourne, Queen's first Prime Minister, died.
1854, Feb. 23—Declaration of war against Russia.
1855, May 2—Thanksgiving for suppression of Indian Mutiny.
1861—Duchess of Kent, Queen's mother, died.
1861, Dec. 14—Prince Consort died.
1863, March 10—Prince of Wales married Princess Alexandra.
1868, Jan. 28—Queen's first book published.
1872, Feb. 20—Queen shot at by Arthur O'Connor.
1870, May 1—Proclaimed Empress of India.
1873, March 27—John Brown, the Queen's faithful servant, died.
1877, June 24—Celebration of the Queen's golden jubilee.
1882, Jan. 2—Duke of Clarence and Avondale died.
1883, July 6—Duke of York married to the Princess May.
1884, May 21—Inaugurated Manchester Ship Canal.
1886, Sept. 23—Reign exceeded the length of any other English sovereign.
1897, June 24—Celebration of diamond jubilee.
1898, Oct. 12—War declared in South Africa.
1900, May 24—Celebrated eighty-first birthday.
1900, May 30—Pretoria capitulated.

BORN TO BE KING.

Queen Victoria's Eldest Son Educated for Throne of England.

Albert Edward, the ascendant to the British throne, was born on Nov. 9, 1841, at Buckingham Palace. As the eldest son of the sovereign he became, at the moment of his birth, the Duke of Cornwall, and before he was 4 weeks old he was created Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester by royal warrant. As Duke of Cornwall he became entitled to revenues amounting to £100,000. By right of inheritance the young prince also became Duke of Rothesay and Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Prince of Saxony, Earl of Carrick, Earl of Dublin and Baron Renfrew, and he also has the title of Lord of the Isles.

During the first few years of the prince's life the public did not have any opportunity to see much of him. The people, nevertheless, took great interest in the prince. In 1848 the prince was entrusted to his first tutor, the Rev. Hen-



ry Mildred Birch. In the summer of the same year he visited Ireland for the first time, where he was received with great enthusiasm. He made his first official appearance in London on Oct. 30, 1840.

In 1860 the prince undertook his first extensive voyage. It was decided that he should visit Canada, and return by way of the United States. He arrived at St. John, N.E., on July 24, 1860, and was received with royal honors. The prince crossed to the United States on the night of Sept. 20, 1860. Though he traveled under the name of Baron Renfrew, his coming was heralded by the press, and everywhere the prince was the subject of the most intense popular interest.

On Sept. 9, 1862, the Prince of Wales was formally betrothed to Princess Alexandra of Denmark, whom he had seen for the first time on the occasion of his visit in 1860. The wedding ceremony took place in St. George's Chapel, Windsor, on March 10, 1863, a few weeks after he had taken the oath as a peer of the realm. The prince and his wife established themselves at Sandringham with an income of about £100,000 a year.

Five years after their marriage the prince and the princess paid a visit to Ireland. In 1868, after the birth of the fourth child, the Princess Victoria, the Prince and the Princess of Wales visited the continent together, and later made an extensive tour of the East, including Egypt and Palestine. They returned through Russia. In 1875 the Prince of Wales made his great tour through India, and everywhere he was received with honors. After visiting all the great cities of India the prince and his party returned by way of the Suez canal, stopping five days in Egypt. From 1870 to 1887 the prince lived quietly and traveled but little.

The princess is very much a woman and has her hobbies and her failings as have other women. One of her dear pastimes is riding. She is a very accomplished, pretty, happy, arrogant and disagreeable. Her temper is quick and ungovernable, and most disagreeable, but with all this her friend added, she is the most lovable woman in the world.

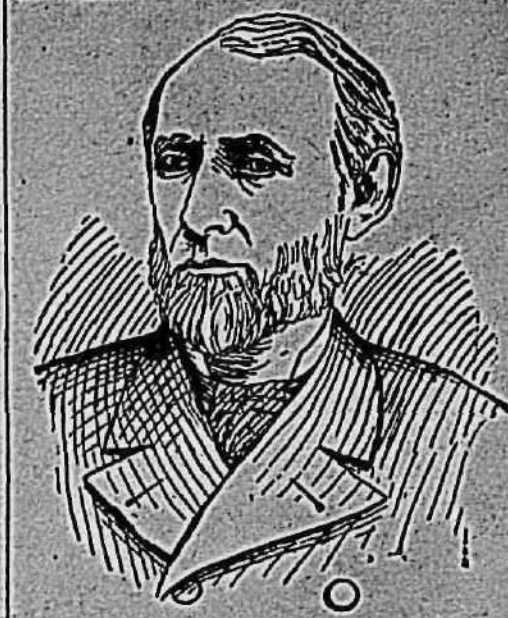
The royal wedding of the prince and princess on March 10, 1863, was celebrated in a quiet way owing to the death of Emperor William I. of Germany. In the following year Princess Louise, the oldest daughter of the Prince of Wales, was married to the Earl of Life. On July 6, 1863, the marriage of the Duke of York with Princess May of Teck was celebrated at the Royal Chapel, St. James. The Emperor of Russia and the King and Queen of Denmark were present at the ceremony. In 1864 the marriage of Princess Alice of Wales to Prince Charles of Denmark took place.

CULLOM IS CHOSEN.

SENATOR IS NOMINATED TO SUCCEED HIMSELF.

Opposing Candidates for the United States Senatorship Withdraw from the Contest—The Republican Caucus Names Incumbent by Acclamation.

Shelby M. Cullom was nominated for United States Senator by acclamation in the Republican senatorial caucus, held in Representatives Hall at Springfield Thursday night. No other name was presented to the caucus, the other candidates having withdrawn from the race early in the afternoon. There was no roll-call, not even for the purpose of determining who of the legislators were present. Nearly all the Senators and



SENATOR SHELBY M. CULLOM.

Representatives were in the hall, a few having gone home during the afternoon. The caucus was merely a perfunctory program, instead of a lively session, which had been expected.

The retirement of Tanner, Cannon, Eliot and Prince as candidates reduced the caucus to a performance which would have lasted but a few minutes but for the speeches which were made by Cullom, Eliot, Prince, Smith and Sherman. Neither Gov. Tanner nor Congressman Cannon was present. Congressman Lorimer and Warner did not attend the caucus.

Representatives Hall was well filled by the Republican Senators and Representatives and spectators when Representative George O. Hinkins of Monmouth called the caucus to order and in a brief speech spoke of harmony that had come out of the senatorial struggle, concluding by announcing that he had been selected by the legislative committee to act as temporary chairman of the caucus. His speech was cheered. Representative Hinckley of Carlisle presented Senator Cullom's name. The nomination was seconded by Senators Chapman and Dunlap. Chairman Rankin put the motion, and Senator Cullom was nominated by acclamation, and the formal business of the caucus was over.

Representative Brown moved the appointment of a committee to notify Mr. Cullom, and the chair appointed Representatives Brown and Sherman and Senators O'Dell, Riley and Chapman as such committee. Senator Cullom was found in the Speaker's room, where he had been waiting, and was conducted to the platform, where he made a speech, in which he referred in complimentary terms to his late opponents. He was welcomed with cheers. There were calls for Tanner and Cannon, but neither of them was present. Then came speeches by Congressmen Hitt and Prince and Speaker Sherman, and then the caucus adjourned.

OUR NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Its Unpleasant Condition Up to the Opening of the Civil War.

When Washington last beheld the city which bears his name, shortly before his death in 1799, it was a straggling settlement in the woods, almost wholly devoid of streets, with thirty or forty residences—most of these small and uncomfortable—and an unfinished capitol and President's home. Indeed, Washington long remained a sparsely built, unsightly city and a comfortless place of residence. For more than a generation its growth in population was less than 600 a year—a rate of increase that would now put to shame almost any village in the land; and so late as 1810 De Banceurt, the French Minister, could write that Washington was "neither a city, nor a village, nor the country," but "a building yard placed in a desolate spot, wherein living is unbearable."

The opening of the Civil War found it a dirty, straggling, unkempt town. The water supply came from pumps and springs; there were neither street cars nor paved streets; no fire department, no police force, worthy of the name, and not a sewer in the city. Eastern bluffs lined the river bank; stables and wooden fences surrounded the White House; the present departments were not half finished, and the parks and commons were given up to weeds. But all this was changed by the struggle for the Union, which doubled the population of Washington and brought in freedom and Northern enterprise, but more important still, by a thousand moving and glorious associations, endeared the capitol to the people of the whole country. Then came its remarkable by Shepherd and his associates. Now it is a truly imperial city, and the judgment of Washington and the genius of L'Enfant have been vindicated.—The World's Work.

Dynamite in Her Wash tub.—Mrs. William Clark, of Lost Creek, Pa., is in a serious condition, the result of an explosion of several dynamite caps. Mrs. Clark was washing her husband's work clothes, and while putting them through a wringer the caps, which were in a pocket, exploded, setting her several robes against a hot stove with terrible force, blowing off her left hand, and so badly injuring her other hand that it is feared she cannot recover.

ILLINOIS LAWMAKERS.

No business of importance was transacted in the Legislature on Tuesday, and the members devoted their time to visiting Gov. Yates and the other new State officers who took their seats at the state house and in preparing for the all-important joint caucus Thursday night. The Senate passed its first three bills in the morning. They were the emergency measures making appropriations for the expenses of the General Assembly, and they went through without opposition.

The Legislature took up its burdens Wednesday, and the first assignment of the expected flood of bills began to pour in. Perhaps the most important measures introduced in the House are those relating to labor. One of these aims to correct the case with which injunctions can be secured against strikers and any other proposed to prevent the blacklisting of discharged employees. Other bills aim to remove difficulties in the way of recovery of wages from wives to whom husbands have transferred their property, and to provide for the payment of wages in lawful money, this being a blow at the trust stores. The House required a communication from the Governor announcing the appointment of Fred H. Rowe as private secretary. Then it proceeded to allot seats. Speaker Sherman announced the following committee on rules, of which by the laws of the House the Speaker is ex-officio chairman: Allen, Bush, Mueller, Chamberlin, Crafts, D. E. Sullivan and Wilson. The Senate in the morning went into executive session, and on motion of Senator Small took up the appointments made by Gov. Tanner during vacation. The appointments were confirmed without opposition, and the executive session then arose. Little worthy of notice was transacted. Senator Hall introduced a bill reducing the salaries of the judges of the Circuit and Superior Courts of Cook County from \$7,000 to \$5,000 per annum. Senator Fuller introduced a bill requiring the manufacturers of process and rendered butter to label it as such before offering it for sale. Senator Andrus offered a bill excluding from the provisions of the inheritance tax law all legacies to charitable, educational and religious institutions.

In the Senate Thursday morning Senator Meahan presented a joint resolution of respect to the memory of the Hon. Scott Wike. It was adopted by a rising vote. Senator Dunlap presented a bill making an appropriation of \$75,000 for an Illinois exhibit at the Pan-American exposition. On motion of the author the bill went to second reading without reference. Senator May introduced a bill appropriating \$3,380 for the conduct of the exposition. The three eminent offices in Chicago. In the House Speaker Sherman announced the following committee on rules: Speaker Sherman, chairman; Allen, Mueller, Bush, Chamberlin, D. E. Sullivan and James P. Wilson. Representative Jones of Cook introduced a bill increasing the compensation of attorneys appointed to defend indigent persons accused of crime to the following amounts: In cases of murder not more than \$100; in other cases of felony not exceeding \$50; in cases of misdemeanor not exceeding \$10. Representative McCullough presented a bill increasing the salaries of the Circuit judges out of Chicago to \$8,000 per annum. Representative W. Sullivan presented a bill amending the revenue law by providing a penalty of a fine of \$2,000 or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days for refusal on the part of the property owner to list personal property when requested to do so by the proper officer. In the evening Shelby M. Cullom was nominated by the Republican members of the Legislature to succeed himself as United States Senator.

The State Metropolis.

During a quarrel at a meeting of the Coal Teamsters' Union Gustav Hackbert was severely beaten.

Marsh & Kenyon, stock yards horse dealers, will dissolve partnership, Mr. Marsh withdrawing.

Because of alleged debt Mrs. John Hankmicht, a bride 19 years old, shot herself. She was taken to the county hospital.

Victor Smith, 9 years old, tried to start a fire with kerosene and his clothes caught fire. Policeman Herman George saved him.

Several persons were slightly hurt in a collision between a Western avenue trolley car and a Burlington road switch engine at the West Eighteenth street crossing.

F. M. Blount and Mrs. E. A. Denne, his mother-in-law, seek \$20,000 damages from Chicago and Cicero because of a carriage accident in an alleged defective street.

Scarcity of fire apparatus in Irving Park resulted in the destruction of three dwelling houses. Fearing that the fire would spread to their homes, other residents moved their household effects into the street.

As a reward for her faithfulness during fifteen years' service in the family, Miss Carrie Dikeman has received a note for \$60,000 on the estate of Frederick W. Tipper, who died on Nov. 8, 1900, leaving property valued at \$400,000.

Edward P. Nye, who was promoted to a police sergeant for bravery at Elsdon during the railway strike in 1894, died at his home from the effects of an operation for appendicitis. Sergt. Nye was 46 years old, and had been a member of the police department for eleven years.

The theft of over a ton of sugar, which they carried away up the river in small boats, is the latest feat of Chicago robbers. The sugar was stolen from the Northern Michigan Transportation Company's warehouse at the foot of Michigan street.

In securing their plunder the thieves used a large electric elevator to the warehouse. The machine made considerable noise, but the watchmen were not disturbed. They were not long in.

In the presence of Judge J. L. Krubacker, 18 years old, Edward Center streets and died soon.

Anton Tempel, left a will bequeathing \$1,000 to the Redemptorist Fathers, Eugene street and Cleveland avenue, and asking that masses be said for him.

While her mother was washing some clothes Anna Schuler, 1 year and 5 months old, wandered about the kitchen. Her mother went into the back yard to hang out the clothes and the child rolled into a vat full with water and was drowned.

BANK OF ANTIOCH
EDWARD BRIDGES
BANKER
100 and 500 Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

**WISCONSIN CENTRAL
RAILWAY CO.**

Chicago Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago. 8:30 AM. No. 5. Daily ex. Sunday 10:30 AM.
1:30 PM. No. 7. Daily ex. Sunday 8:30 PM.
4:00 PM. No. 18. Daily. 6:37 PM.
GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch. 7:38 AM. No. 14. Daily. 10:25 AM.
11:37 AM. No. 8. Daily ex. Sunday 1:30 PM.
4:20 PM. No. 6. Daily ex. Sunday 6:28 PM.
9:30 PM. No. 2. Daily. 10:55 PM.
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP, No. 577 A. F. & A. M. holds
meets at 7:30 the first and third
Monday evening of every month.
In Woodmen Hall, Antioch, Ill.
Visiting Neighbors always welcome.
J. C. JAMES, Jr., V. C.,
C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

SQUAD LIDGE, No. 877 A. F. & A. M. holds
regular communications the first and third
Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting
Brothers always welcome.
R. C. HIGGINS, Sec. JOHN WELSH, W. M.

ANTIOCH LOCALS.

Items of Local Importance Collected,
Contributed and Stolen.

Wanted: 200 tons of Timothy hay.
See Barker Lumber Co. 20th.

Barker Lumber Co., will exchange
ground feed for corn and oats.

The Lake County Fair will be held
at Libertyville, Sept. 8, to 6, 1901.

Victoria, Queen of England, is dead
and Albert Edward is now King.

Barker Lumber Co., will sell ground
oats and corn for \$16.00 in ton lots.

Geo. It. Olcott and J. J. Burke were
at the county seat Monday on probate
business.

Don't fail to attend the Farmers'
Institute at Millburn Friday and Sat-
urday, Feb. 1 and 2.

Chas. Harbaugh & Co., at Lake
Villa, have on hand a supply of baled
shavings for covering and packing ice.

The local exchange of the Chicago
Telephone line has been moved
from L. M. Haynes building to Hill's
Drug Store.

Baled shavings for packing and
covering ice, for sale by Chas. Har-
baugh & Co., at Lake Villa, by odds
the best and cheapest covering.

There will be a blue rock shoot at
Wm. Dunnill's, Grass Lake, Saturday
and Sunday, Feb. 2, and 3, open to
all. A number of attractive prizes are
offered.

Mrs. Cribb and daughter returned
home last week after a visit of some
four months with relatives in various
places. They report having had a very
pleasant visit.

Dr. C. E. Mandeville will preach at
the M. E. Church next Sabbath even-
ing and hold the second quarterly
conference at the church Monday
morning at 9:00 o'clock.

On Thursday evening Feb. 7, the
Royal Neighbors will hold a Mask
Social from 8 to 10, followed by a
social dance. Every body welcome.
Further particulars next week. By
order of Com.

In order to reduce her stock before
spring trade, Miss Addie Shafer will
for the balance of the winter, offer her
entire stock of winter millinery below
cost. Call and see her while the best
selections are on hand.

There will be a mass meeting of all
the Endavorers of Lake County held
in the Baptist Church of Waukegan,
on the afternoon and evening of Feb.
2, to commemorate the twentieth an-
niversary of the founding of the
society of Christian Endavor. Dora
Dyer, Co. Sec.

Mr. Anderson, of Virginia, Ill., who
recently purchased the Churchill Ed-
wards farm at Loon Lake, was an
Antioch visitor last week. Mr. Ander-
son expects to move to this city the
coming month, where Mrs. Anderson
will probably engage in the practice of
medicine, she being a medical gradu-
ate of considerable practical experience.

Frank Kouwe, second oldest son of
Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Kouwe, of Fox
Lake, died at the home of his parents
Jan. 17, 1901, after a brief illness, from
quick consumption, brought about
from the effects of an injury sustained
some time ago. Frank was about 24
years of age at the time of his death.
The funeral was held Sunday from
the M. E. Church, in McHenry, the
remains being laid at rest in the ceme-
tery at that place. The father and
mother, three brothers and four sisters
besides numerous other relatives and
friends survive, to all of whom The
News extends sympathy.

EMMONS' DRUG STORE

200 and 500 Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

are now in stock and we would call your
attention to the following:

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES

of which we carry a very large stock.
Our leader is the Robinson lens—none better.
Next best, the famous \$1.00 spectacle.
The cheaper, even down to 25c per pair.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES

Box paper and envelopes, large stock
and all prices.

Tablets for pen and pencil.

Pens—Spencerian, Stub, Bank and Hall's.
Hall's Ink—Try it and you will use no other.

PATENT MEDICINES

Full stock and many new kinds, as
Yager's Star Anti-Cholera for Hogs
and Poultry.

Our Own Comp. Extract Sarsaparilla, Ex-
tract Celery Comp., Beef, Wine and
Iron, Cough Cure, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS—We use the best drugs
that we can buy.

CIGARS—The Tansill still leads.

STOVES—We have for sale two heaters,
one coal and one wood heater.

Emmons' Drug Store.

BRICK BLOCK

Elocutionary entertainment at the
M. E. Church Friday evening.

Mrs. Emma D. Moore will read at
the M. E. Church Friday evening.

Fresh oysters at Sturtevant's 35c,
a quart; best crackers 8c, lb. bread,
cakes, cookies, pies etc.

Mrs. Dr. Fisher and children, of
Chicago, are visiting her mother, Mrs.
S. D. Warner, in this city.

Wanted: a good girl for general
housework in a family of two, in this
city. Enquire at this office. 21w2

For Rent: a farm of 80 acres 1 mile
South of Loon Lake platform. En-
quire of John Parker, Antioch. 21-2

Baled shavings are what you need
to protect your ice. Chas. Harbaugh
& Co., at Lake Villa, can supply you.

At the meeting of Lotus Camp on
Monday evening, one candidate was
initiated into the mysteries of the order.

Don't fail to hear Mrs. Emma D.
Moore in the Epworth League course
at the M. E. Church Friday evening.

Wanted: From \$800 to \$2000 within
a week. If you have got the money I
have got the security. H. Ries, Anti-
och, Ill.

Go to Sturtevant's and get a can of
good peas for 10c, corn 9c, 3 cans for
25c. 3lb can tomatoes only 9c, pint
bottle ketchup 9c, large can salmon
only 16c.

For Sale: A highly improved farm
of 125 acres, near Salem, Wis. No
trades. For particulars address The
News, Antioch, Ill. 45tf

The meeting of the Cemetery Soci-
ety at the home of Mrs. E. B. Will-
iams Wednesday, was a very pleasant
event and quite largely attended.

For Sale or Rent on easy terms, a
small poultry farm 7 1/2 acres. Good
buildings, 1/2 mile from Antioch. Apply
to John J. Morley, Antioch, Ill. 17tf

Wanted to work on shares—A farm
with stock and farming tools, about
20 cows preferred. Plenty of help
and willing to work. Address The
News, Antioch, Ill. 10tf

For Rent: A house in Antioch. Now
is your chance. If you need a house;
I need the money. Call at my office
on Park Avenue and find out and see
what I can do for you. H. Ries. 21tf

The warm weather of the past few
days has played havoc with the ice
business, the men employed at each
Bros. Loon Lake Ice house returning to
the city Monday morning.

Write to the Moler Barber College,
Chicago, Ill., for their catalogue ex-
plaining how they teach the trade in
two months, donate tools and pay
graduates \$12 weekly. They want 500
men, new field, splendid chance. 20-2

For Rent: For a term of years, the
W. J. McGavick farm of 110 acres in
state of good cultivation, situated in
the town of Antioch, Lake Co., Ill., 1
mile north of Hickory and 1 mile
south of Pikeville, corners. For par-
ticulars enquire of Geo. H. Kennedy,
Hickory, Ill. 21w5

Until Friday, Feb. 1, I will offer my
entire stock of millinery away below
cost, as I desire to close it all out be-
fore moving to another location. Af-
ter that date my shop will be closed
until April first when I expect to re-
sume business in the Haynes building
with a complete new stock. All goods
in stock now will be closed out at once
regardless of value. Addie Schafer.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

SUCCESS ATTENDS THE FIRST WEEK

—OF THE—

Great 30 Days Closing Sale
CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.

It was almost sure to do so as we have the goods to sell, and at this season of the year
they are what the people want, this in connection with the fact of

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE

resulted in a successful sale

NOW is the Opportunity of the Year to get the Best Grade of Goods Cheap

Great Bargains in Fine Winter Overcoats.

We have also a few

Fur Coats made by the celebrated firm of McKibben & Co., St. Paul, which we offer you at very attractive prices

Our stock of **SWEATERS** is unequalled either in quality or price.
In **HEAVY WINTER GOODS** we have Extra Bargains,
In **WINTER CAPS** we can show a very fine assortment

REMEMBER! these are no shoddy goods made up for auction sales for a fake trade but
the best goods, bought direct from the manufacturer, and every garment and article sold
is fully guaranteed as to quality of goods and workmanship.

BARGAINS TO BE HAD IN EVERY LINE

OUR FIGURES ON BUILDING JOBS BEAT ALL OTHER TOWNS

20th Century Club.

The club was entertained on last Friday
evening by Mrs. Mathews. Everybody
had a right royal good time. The first
prizes being awarded to those who had the
highest score, there seemed to be more than
the usual interest manifested in the games.
Miss Morley wouldadies' first prize, a beau-
tifully engraved souvenir spoon, and Mr.
Sholliff gent's first. The consolation went
to Mrs. Effinger and Mr. Blunt. Mrs. Mc-
Donald, Miss Effinger and Chase Webb
were guests of the evening.

SECRETARY.

Western Rates Reduced.

Greatly reduced one-way rates will be in
effect via Wisconsin Central Railway to
points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Mon-
tana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and
British Columbia each Tuesday commencing
February 12, and continuing until
April 30th.

For detailed information inquire of near-
est ticket agent W. C. Ry., or address:

C. D. Harper, Dist. Passenger Agent,
W. C. Ry., Chicago, Wis., or J. C. Pond,
Gen'l Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

20w15

To Whom It May Concern:

We wish to notify the citizens of this
county that we have secured the agency for
Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the great
cure for Constipation, Indigestion, Sick
Headache and stomach Trouble, and guar-
antee it do as recommended. We always
keep the best drugs on hand and solicit a
call, promising the very best of everything.
Yours truly, W. T. Hill.

Deadly Poverty in Italy.

In some of the regions in Italy where
the deadly pellagra is most prevalent,
the houses are so constructed that the
most part as to be nothing better than
damp, groggy, dirty and dark, with
no ventilation whatever. The drinking
water is very scarce, and after rain it
is often muddy, and the only food for the
poor people during the greater
part of the year is "polenta," a kind of
porridge, made of maize meal seasoned
with a little salt.

To Rebuild Destroyed Missions.

Rev. Elja Groendyke, sister of Rev.
Montgomery Groendyke, of Hartford
City, Ind., has been sent to Sierra Le-
one, where the massacre of the mis-
sionaries occurred last year. She has
already spent four years in Africa, and
will undertake to rebuild the destroyed
missions.

Czar's Children All Sick.

The children of the Czar are all sick—
the Grand Duchess Olga, who was
born in 1898; the Grand Duchess Ta-
liana, who came into the world in 1897
and the Grand Duchess Marie, born in
June, 1899.

Persons who suffer from indigestion can
not expect to live long, because they can
not eat the food required for nourish-
ing the body and the products of the undigested
foods they do not poison the blood? It is
important to cure indigestion as soon as
possible, and the best method of doing this
is to use the preparation known as Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure. It stimulates what you eat
and restores all the digestive organs to per-
fect health. Wm. T. Hill.

CHURCHMEN ARGUE.

**One Tries to Convince the Other That
His Way Is Best.**

A prosperous farmer of religious pro-
clivities visited the city recently and
while here he attended services at a
prominent uptown church. When he
returned home he was asked how he
enjoyed it. He stated that there was
no brotherly or sisterly love. The re-
ligion was cold; the choir sung from
a loft over the minister's head and
rendered such high-flown operatic
music that he did not understand it,
and he would rather be in his coun-
try church, where there was more
Christianity, says the Philadelphia
Record. This criticism appeared in the
little paper published by the church
and a member answered it by saying:
"What does Farmer Brown know about
singing? He could no more sing a
song than a hen, and is no judge of
music." Farmer Brown read this arti-
cle in the following issue and answered
by saying: "That is true. Mr. Brown
cannot sing any more than a hen, and
never made an attempt. At the same
time it does not take a singer to be a
judge of music; neither does it take
a man to be a carpenter to tell whether
a carpenter has done his work cor-
rectly; neither does it take a man to
be a bricklayer to know whether a job
of bricklaying has been done right or
not. My answer to that is, while I
cannot lay an egg, I am a better judge
of eggs than any hen in the state."

Shakespeare Bill Ahead.

Magazines and newspapers on both
sides of the Atlantic are asserting that
the longest of the long words is to be
found in the recent biography of Dr.
Benson, where the archbishop says,
"The Free Kirk of the north of Scot-
land are strong antidisestablishmentari-
ans." This word contains twenty-
six letters. In connection with it is
quoted one Byfield who wrote, in 1615:
"The immensity of Christ's divine na-
ture both . . . Incalculable scrip-
turalness in respect to peace." Here you
have twenty-two letters. Neither of
these words equals a Shakespeare coin-
age in "Love's Labor Lost," which con-
tains twenty-seven letters. Castard,
in some one of act five, says, "Oh, they
have lived long on the almsbasket of
words! I marvel thy master has not
eaten these for a word; for thou art
not so long by the head as honorific-
billitudinallibus; thou art eakier swal-
lowed than a flap-dragon."

Gift to Hungarian Students.

Count John Balfi of Budapest has
notified the premier that he intends to
give a large estate and castle, the
whole representing a value of more
than 2,000,000 crowns (\$300,000), for
the purpose of founding scholarships
for poor Hungarian students at the
high schools. The count reserves the
use of the property till his death, after
which it will pass into the hands of
the state. The count he wishes to be
remembered as a place of refuge for
the professors and any deserving stu-
dents whom they may choose during
the coming winter. The count is
thirty-six years of age, bachelor, and has
been conspicuous in establishing the in-
ternational red cross.

The meritorious reputation for curing piles
and hemorrhoids acquired by De-
Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills has led to the
making of numerous counterfeits. Be sure
you get Dr. Wm. T. Hill's.

Child Shopper's Deliberation.

It was in the Little Shop of Signs,
that curious little place with its great
sign above, as large as the shop itself,
its bulletin and telephone and cigar
signs at either side and in the panels,
and with its windows of candies, toys
and papers, that stands there on Jeff-
erson street, where it has stood since
the days before the modern stores
about it were thought of, the club,
whose house is opposite, was unin-
formed, and the art gallery, looking across,
was old St. Paul's. . . . She was
a little tot with brown curls hang-
ing down each side of her face, but
she will rival the best of the bargain
hunters before those curls are thin
and gray. She stood in front of the
candy case and held her penny tight
in her fist, while she deliberately
calculated her gains. "I like that best,"
she said to the little man behind the
counter, who will some day wear a
crown for his goodness to the children
of three wards and three generations.
"But there's more in that for a
penny," her pudgy fingers indicating
certain candies. "And then she thought
again, and at last her artistic tastes
won over her selfishness and greed
and she selected that which she liked
best."—Milwaukee Journal.

Cheap Literature in Chicago.

While it costs one cent to look into
the new directory, there is no time
limit, and one may read the book
through for that price.

**Eureka
Harness Oil**
not only makes the harness and the
some look better, but makes the
leather soft and pliable, puts it in con-
dition to last twice as long
as it ordinarily would.
Sold everywhere in cases all
over the world.
STANDARD
OIL CO.
**Give
Your
Horse a
Chance!**

REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY
Made a
Well Man
of Me.
**THE
GREAT
FRANCE REMEDY**
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts
swiftly and quickly. Cures when all others fail.
Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old
men will recover their youthful vigor by using
REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Barren-
ness, Loss of Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions,
Loss of Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and
all other self-disease or disease and indisorder,
which unless one for study, business or marriage. It
not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but
it is great nerve tonic and blood builder, bring-
ing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and re-
storing the fire of youth. (Cures of Hemorrhoids
and Constipation. Insist on having REVIVO, no
other. It can be carried in your pocket. By mail,
\$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a pos-
itive written guarantee, by express, or by mail,
the money. Advice and circular free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 1100 Broadway St.,
New York City. C. H. 111.
For Sale by W. T. Hill.